MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1860. NUMBER 61.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,

Publishers and Proprietors.

W. B. JERMAIN.....M. M. BRIGHTMAN

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1860.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO

Arrive.	Mails Close.
11:45 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
12:45 P. M.	3:10 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	9:00 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

10 P. M.	9:00 P. M.
2:45 P. M.	4:00 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MONROE.

9 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
2:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

WAUKESHA, WATERTOWN & RAMAROO VALLEY.

1:15 P. M.	3:30 P. M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

7:30 A. M.	

Except Saturday.

† To and from Saukville, Whitewater, Janesville and Madison.

☞ For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page. ☜

News Digest.

We have California news of March 5th per steamer *Latlie*. A fire at Sacramento had destroyed $20,000 worth of property. The Oregon Republican State Committee had appointed delegates to Chicago. The Democratic Committee had also elected delegates to Charleston. By this arrival we have also some later South American news. Peru is on the eve of war, it being reported that President CASTILLA is about to march his entire army against Bolivia. Advices from New Grenada state that the Cass-Heran treaty has been ratified.

We have an account of a dreadful accident which occurred at CHITTENDEN'S Shaft, near Hyde Park, Pa. While the workmen were being hoisted from a coal pit, the pumps broke, and an explosion of fire damp immediately followed, killing some fifteen or twenty and wounding a number of others

From Madison we learn that both Houses have adopted a resolution extending the time of adjournment until Monday, the second of April.

Hon. CLARK E. COCHRANE, who was seriously ill, and at one time deranged, during the past winter, has entirely recovered, and took his seat in the House of Representatives yesterday.

The Democratic National Committee is to meet at Washington April 5th. It is said that the place of holding the Convention will not be changed.

The Pacific Telegraph bill has passed the U. S. Senate.

Carroll College.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

WAUKESHA, March 22d.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Carroll College has recently been the theatre of extensive excitement. The Philomathean troubles that culminated in the disorganization of one of the greatest literary societies in the North-West—the suspension of the Philomathean Magazine and the secession of a large body of students from the College, are all fresh in the memories of the citizens of Wisconsin. Within the last three months a disposition has been manifested by several leading spirits of the Adelphian Society to renew the agitation that so lately was calmed. Two factions, bitterly opposed to one another, have been formed, and the animosity between them increased daily. Frequently the regular Society meetings have been disturbed by abusive personality and violence. This party spirit spreading among the College classes, has created great indifference and coolness, on the part of the students, to their studies, and insubordination to the regulations of the faculty.—A number of the young men have left the College, and fears were expressed that more would follow their example, when a circumstance transpired that changed the current of feeling in a new channel—and it is hoped that the recent troubles will be effectually hushed.

Dr. SAVAGE, the President of Carroll College, returned, unexpectedly, from the East, on Saturday evening last; where he had been traveling for some months, on College business. All the students honor the Doctor, and love him as a father. When the news flew from room to room, that he was in Waukesha, the rejoicing was universal. All bickerings and party feeling were forgotten, and the sacred quiet of the Sabbath could scarcely restrain the young men from demonstrating their joy.

Before day-break, on Monday morning, the College bell pealed forth, the beautiful flag was hoisted, while the air was rent with cheers as it gracefully floated over the institution, whose founder and President, the beloved SAVAGE, was again to resume the duties of his office.

The Doctor looked ruddy and well. The care and responsibility of his position has taxed his health and strength considerably, but he appears now as fresh and buoyant as ten years ago. Long may he live to behold the cherished object of his life developing into her promised maturity.

COLLEGIAN.

STEAMERS have been chartered at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Richmond and Savannah, to take delegates to the Charleston Convention and board them there. If the western men will take along their tents and a supply of beef and whiskey, the Convention may make itself comfortable and be independent of the Charleston Shylocks.

CONSIDERABLE excitement exists at Black River Falls, in consequence of the discovery of silver ore. Report says that a quantity of the discovered ore has been sent to Milwaukee.

DEATH BY BURNING, AT A SUGAR CAMP.—We have learned the particulars of a distressing circumstance which occurred at a sugar camp, in the town of Franklin, in this county. Mrs. Hubbard, wife of Stephen Hubbard, while superintending the boiling of syrup, was burned so badly on Tuesday of last week, that she died the same evening. While she was dipping syrup from one of the large pans, the hoop escaped through a chink of the arch, setting fire to her clothing, and in a moment her person was enveloped in flame. Two men, who were chopping within a short distance of the fire, hastened to her relief, and tore off her garments as speedily as possible, but before this could be effected she was so badly burned as to terminate her existence within a few hours. She was about sixty years of age.—*Manitowoc Herald*, 22d.

DR. SCUDDER, who was for many years in the East Indies as a missionary, says that the Hindoo holy books date as far back as 1400 years before Christ. The immensity of their compilations on almost every imaginable subject is marvellous. They write with great rapidity; even with their raw materials he had known school boys to report a sermon as fast as the missionary could deliver it. Their language is very melodious; some of the poetry rhymes at both ends of the lines.

Hon. THOMAS CORWIN, of Ohio, one of the most effective orators of this or any age, has gone to Connecticut to lend his aid to the Republicans in their present spirited contest.

THE ICE was running at Little Bull Falls on Tuesday, and the River is now clear for some distance above that point; our lumbermen are making active preparations for rafting.—*Wisconsin Central Wisconsin*, 22d.

The Menomonee Indians.

The Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Press & Tribune*, writing under date of March 19th, tells the following interesting story, which we copy for the benefit of our readers:

A deputation of the Menomonee tribe of Indians, consisting of the principal chiefs, have lately been in this city. They came for the purpose of securing an investigation into certain frauds that have been perpetrated upon the tribe by the Government agent, R. W. Thompson, and other democrats.—Not being able to procure an impartial hearing from the Secretary of the Interior, they laid their complaint before Hon. C. C. Washburne, of Wisconsin, who introduced, a few days since, a resolution of inquiry into the House, providing for a Congressional investigation. He presented a memorial from the Legislature of Wisconsin setting forth that the most shameful frauds had been perpetrated by white men, including Federal officials, whereby the Indians were reduced to utter destitution—they having been swindled out of all their year's bounty. The agent, the chiefs allege, has robbed the tribe out of $40,000, and other white men have taken what he failed to get.

Mr. Branch (Dem. of N. C.) objected to the resolution of inquiry, on the ground that the Secretary of the Interior would investigate the subject. Mr. Washburne replied that Senator Doolittle, himself and Mr. Potter, had called on the Secretary, and had named a competent citizen of Wisconsin as one of the Commissioners whom the Chiefs desired to help investigate the matter; but the Secretary refused, and would send none but *Democrats* to investigate a swindle committed by Democrats! He protested against such barefaced attempts at white-washing the villainous transaction, and demanded a committee of five, composed of both parties, to investigate this complaint. The Indians, he said, have always been on the most friendly terms with the United States, and fought in the Black Hawk war. A few years ago they owned nearly all the lands in Wisconsin; but they have been defrauded and reduced to a very limited reservation.

Mr. Larrabee (Dem. of Wis.) objected. The Republicans have ordered enough smelling Committees already. He wanted no more investigations into alleged Democratic peculations and corruptions. Democrats were as honest as their opponents. The Indian chiefs had come here, he said, in direct contravention of the wishes of the Department, and therefore he was opposed to bothering Congress with the affair. He was quite insolent to his colleague, and must have calculated pretty largely on his good nature and forbearance, as under ordinary circumstances he ran a considerable chance of getting his feelings hurt and his profile damaged. The ayes and noes were taken to suspend the rules for the reception of the resolution, and resulted ayes 115, noes 60—not quite two-thirds; so the investigation into this Democratic swindle was stifled.

The Indians have returned home very much discouraged, and feeling the deepest indignation at Larrabee, whose scalp would not be safe if he should visit the starving tribe. The chiefs leave Washington with a poor opinion of the honor, magnanimity or fairness of their Great Father, as exemplified in his refusal to allow them to designate any person to be associated with the commission of inquiry, and still less respect have they for the conduct of Larrabee & Co., in denying them an investigating committee for the redress of their grievances. Before leaving the city, the deputation waited upon the Hon. C. C. Washburne, and in the name of the tribe, presented him with the national calumet, or pipe of peace, which they declared was a sacred object, and had been in their possession a great number of years. In making the presentation, Keshena, the second chief of the tribe, made a brief and eloquent speech, detailing the wrongs and sufferings of their tribe. Mr. Washburne appropriately replied, and promised that Attorney General Howe, who is a just and honest man, would help them before the Commission.

State Tax for 1860.

The Committee on Finance in the Senate this morning, submitted a report with the estimates for the State expenses for the ensuing year, as follows:

SALARIES AND PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS.

Governor's office	$ 2,200
Secretary's office	2,100
Treasurer's office	3,000
Attorney General's office	1,400
State Superintendent's office	2,500
Bank Comptroller's office	4,500
Librarian	1,000
Adjutant & Quartermaster's office	700
Supt of Public Property	1,000
Secty of State Historical Society	1,000
State Historical Society	1,000
State Library	250
State Agricultural Society	8,000
Geological and Agricultural Survey	6,000
Supreme Court	8,000
Circuit Courts	21,000
	$ 61,550

LEGISLATIVE.

127 members for 60 days	$10,000
Mileage	4,000
President of Senate	300
President of Senate Pro Tem	150
Speaker of Assembly	150
Speaker Pro Tem	100
Clerks of Senate and Assembly	5,000
Sergeant-at-Arms and Assistants	2,500
Postage of Legislature	8,500
Stationery for Legislature	8,500
Printing	20,000
	$ 69,000

MISCELLANEOUS.

Governor's Contingent fund	$10,000
Postage for offices	3 500
Stationery and blanks for officers	7,000
Compensation of Clerks	7,000
Watchmen Treasurer and Bank Comptroller	730
County Agricultural Societies	4,000
Insane Asylum, debt and completion	30,000
Current expenses of Asylum	20,000
Blind Asylum	12,000
Deaf and Dumb Asylum	15,000
State Reform School	5,000
State Prison	80,000
Wood and gas lights	3,000
Interest on State Loan	7,000
Per diem of Clerk of Supreme Court	800
Supreme Court Reports	1,500
Rent of officer for State Superintendent and Bank Comptroller	1,000
Amount for private claims	25,000
Amount for incidental repairs	50,000
Probable amount of tax credited to counties for from School, University and Swamp Lands	20,000
	$210,000
Total Expenditures	$320,545

RESOURCES.

Railroad License	$22,000
Bank Tax	99,705
Telegraphs	150
Tax on trails	3,500
Hawkers and pedlars	200
Insurance Companies	6,000
	$136,555
Two-fifths mill tax on valuation	70,000
Total	$206,555
Requiring a State tax to be levied of	124,990
	$330,545

The Committee report a bill to raise $150,000 by general tax for the year 1860.—*Madison Journal, March 24.*

THE DUBUQUE TIMES publishes the following table to show at what time in former years Lake Pepin was first navigable:

1844	Steamer Otter, Captain Harris	April 6
1845	" "	April 6
1846	" Lynx, Atchison	March 31
1847	" Cora, Throckmorton	April 7
1848	" Senator, Harris	April 7
1849	" Highland Mary, Atchison	April 9
1850	" "	April 10
1851	" Nominee, Smith	April 4
1852	" "	April 16
1853	" West Newton, Harris	April 11
1854	" Nominee, Blakely	April 11
1855	" War Eagle, Harris	April 17
1856	" Lady Franklin, Lucas	April 18
1857	" Galena, Laughton	May 1
1858	" Grey Eagle, Harris	March 29
1859	" Key City, Worden	April 20

THE RAFTS of some of last fall's lumber came down the river on Thursday. The mills that have lumber on hand are rafting it now, so as to have it ready for the first vessels. At Stiles, Messrs. Eldreds & Balcolm, have nearly four millions of feet, which they are putting into rafts, and calculate to run them down in a week or ten days.

The Oconto Lumbering Company are getting out the floating ice from their boom, and, we learn, will soon start the mill.—*Oconto Pioneer, 17th.*

THE RIVER.—The ice has left the river without damage to bridges, mills or dams.—There has been no freshet, and the river at the present time is very low. Lumbermen do not feel encouraged with the prospect of getting their logs down, but we shall undoubtedly have high water, between this and June.—*Manitowoc Herald*, 22d.

MAPLE SUGAR.—There will be a large amount of maple sugar manufactured in Oconto county this spring. The sugar bushes in towns of Pensaukie, Stiles, and Peshtigo, particularly, are filled with men, and the sap is running finely. The weather for the past week has been very favorable.—*Oconto Pioneer, 17th.*

THE CITY.

The Irrepressible Ford.

Mr. FORD is a respectable school teacher. We premise this, as the public may have come to a different conclusion from reading his diatribes in the *Free Democrat*. This Mr. FORD is in trouble. One principal source of annoyance to Mr. FORD is the Principal of the Seventh Ward High School. We cannot be supposed to know or care what the grounds of Mr. FORD's antipathy are. But it unfortunately happens that a certain Mr. WHEELER accidentally offered an obstruction to the pursuit of this gentleman's antagonist, and the consequence is, Mr. WHEELER is accused of bribery, &c. Now the whole thing may be summed up as follows, and we are willing to make oath to every separate statement:

1st. We received from Mr. MCKINDLEY not only an order for a dollar and a half, but *two* orders for four times that amount.

2d. We never was bribed by Mr. MCKINDLEY to leave anything out of any report.

3d. We were not invited to the meeting by Mr. MCKINDLEY, but by a lady Teacher of the Second Ward School, Miss MARY WATERSON.

4th. Our statements as made in the report were not false, and can be testified to by several of the Teachers who were present, and who have expressed a willingness to do so.

5th. That our presence was unexpected, and that had we given a correct picture of the meeting, it would have served for a frontispiece to some work on Hyenas, in which the President represented the Zoological foreground.

There is our statement. Mr. FORD, we kindly submit, has not found us receding from anything originally asserted. He accuses us of taking a hat, and we acknowledge a series of them. We originally said the meeting was a fizzle—we think now its President is an ass of the most confirmed genus.

We attended that meeting unacquainted with Mr. FORD, and without any knowledge of the private *piques* which actuated its movers. We were disinterested. We made a disinterested statement, and because Mr. MCKINDLEY took no active part, he was, therefore, ignored in the report, to the elevation of our friend and his compeers, we are treated to a series of letters through the press—all aimed at the gentleman we did not notice. We presume the public will, by this time, have arrived at the conclusion in regard to Mr. FORD's motives, as well as the truth of the SENTINEL's report. From a man as old as our friend, we are led to expect something less boyish and vindictive than this constant launching of silly charges against even an enemy. The reiteration of bribery may seem to the pedagogue very destructive, but we feel as though, by this time, he ought to know it was making a laughing stock of the author.

We have a high regard both for the profession and for the majority of our teachers; they are, in the main, faithful and as unobtrusive, as efficient in their labors, but we cannot include Mr. FORD in this number.—His manifest destiny is evidently entirely disconnected with "young ideas" and inseparably linked to Mr. MCKINDLEY and a dollar and a half hat. If he can write himself into the notoriety he now desires, we shall wish him God speed, though our better judgment would suggest that he drop that gentleman's name and confine himself to us and the hat, and not go off into such grandiloquent phrases as the "Kiss of Judas," &c, for the meeting (which, under Mr. FORD's moderation, would have disgraced a juvenile caucus) was not of sufficient import to merit them.

In conclusion we would reply, if we have kicked the gentleman down stairs, it must have been with the impression of placing him where he belonged, and where he would undoubtedly have been kicked long ago had he discovered his merits sooner. As this *ford* is now pretty dry, out of respect to our readers, we will hereafter pass over it in silence.

SEVENTH WARD—REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.—The Republicans of the Seventh Ward have a *first rate* ticket in the field.—Their candidate for Alderman, WILLIAM A. PRENTISS, is personally known to every elector in the Ward. He is one of the pioneers of our City, and has, for several years, represented the Ward in one or other branch of the Common Council. Nobody questions his entire fitness for the office to which he has been nominated. The candidate for Councillor, Mr. G. D. NORRIS, is equally capable, and enjoyes a deserved popularity. JAMES MURRAY, the candidate for Assessor, has already and repeatedly proved his eminent qualifications for the office. Justice HOTCHKISS now occupies the place for which he is a candidate and has discharged its duties, faithfully and well. Our candidate for Railroad Commissioner, O. H. WALDO, having accepted the Republican nomination for Mayor, we have been requested, by many Republicans, to substitute the name of ROBERT ELLIOT, for that of Mr. WALDO, and do so accordingly.

IMPROVEMENTS.—The cheapness of labor and materials will doubtless induce an immense amount of building here the coming season. The wide space of ground on East Water and Wisconsin streets, swept over by the late fire, is in altogether too good a business point to be left unoccupied any length of time, and besides the buildings that will be erected there this season, there are others in contemplation all through the city. Already the movement of materials has commenced, and very soon the industrious clink of the trowel will be heard on all sides.—Messrs. LAYTON & PLANKINTON will commence this week to pull down their old pork packing establishment on West Water street with the intention of replacing it by an elegant new building, eighty feet front and one hundred feet deep. On the same street, near the corner of Wells, we understand BYRON KILBOURN talks of putting up another fine brick block, to correspond with the handsome buildings erected in that locality last fall. The old City Foundry, on the corner opposite LUDINGTON's lumber yard, has recently been pulled down, and its place in all probability will soon be taken by some more becoming edifice, for the location is an excellent one for business.

NEW DOCK.—The Detroit and Milwaukee Railway Company have commenced building a new dock, on Erie Street, about the same size of the one they now occupy and immediately adjoining it. This will give them dock room upwards of the entire length of both their steamships, and greatly facilitate the handling of freight. With this improvement they will be prepared for any amount of business next Fall.

SMALL HOUSES.—The general cry among tenants this year is for cottages. There was never, perhaps, so great a demand here for small houses. In accordance with this demand we find that the large and higher style of houses are letting proportionally less than the smaller.

SEE postponement of Chattel Mortgage sale.

A LECTURE IN AID OF THE POOR OF OUR CITY.—The following correspondence explains itself:

MILWAUKEE, March 26, 1860.

REV. C. D. HELMER—*Dear Sir:*—We, the undersigned, being anxious to provide relief for the large number of poor, who are to be deprived of their only means of support by the closing of the Soup House, would respectfully invite you, at some time to be named by yourself, to deliver a lecture at Albany Hall, the proceeds of which shall apply to the relief of destitution. We hope that the exigencies of the case will induce you to consent and oblige, with many others.

Yours respectfully,

CALEB WALL, ALEX. MITCHELL,
JAMES S. BROWN, E. CRAMER,
REV. N S. STAPLES, REV. DR. E. COOKE,
JOHN BRADFORD, E. L. BUTTRICK,
GUY C. LEDYARD.

MILWAUKEE, March 26.

MESSRS. CALEB WALL, ALEX. MITCHELL, AND OTHERS—*Gentlemen:*—I believe in caring for the bodies of our fellow-men, as well as their souls, and if I can be of any service in aiding the fund of the Soup House, I shall do it very cheerfully. In accordance with your invitation, I will deliver a lecture on "Christianity, the Conscience of the World," next Thursday evening, at eight o'clock.

Truly yours,
C. D. HELMER.

OGDEN & WALL have generously consented to furnish Albany Hall for this occasion, and the lecture will take place on Thursday evening next. There is a greater amount of suffering and absolute want in our midst than is generally supposed, and this is a philanthropic effort which should be met by the community with that willingness, which is supposed to be characteristic of a generous people.

Mr. HELMER is abundantly able to do the subject announced, justice, and we feel confident that a large audience will assemble, both to hear *him*, and to aid in alleviating the distress of the poor, that we have always with us.

FOURTH WARD REPUBLICAN CLUB.—At a meeting of the Republicans of the Fourth Ward, on Saturday night, at the office of D. L. DEYO, Esq, which was largely attended by some of the best and most influential Republicans in the Ward, a Fourth Ward Republican Club was organized, and the following officers elected for the ensuing year:

President—JAMES HOLTON.
Vice President—CHARLES CAVERNO.
Secretary—THOMAS FITCH, JR.
Treasurer—W. W. COLEMAN.
Executive Committee—JAMES HOLTON, T. FITCH, JR., G. F. WILLIAMS, W. A. PHELPS, LAWRENCE GOLDBECK.

The meeting adjourned to meet next Tuesday evening, at the office of D. L. DEYO, Esq., when all Republicans wishing to join the Club, are invited to be present and sign the Constitution.

LECTURE BY BISHOP SIMPSON.—The Rev. Bishop SIMPSON, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will deliver a lecture this evening at Albany Hall, *on his travels in the East*. The Bishop is one of the most distinguished preachers in the M. E. Church, and the mere announcement of his name in the Eastern cities is enough to ensure a large audience. As a lecturer, he stands foremost among the divines, who occasionally mount the rostrum in a good cause. The lecture will commence at 8 o'clock.

LOCAL NOTHINGS.—*Medicine for Educational people*.—Pu-pils.

A sheepish boon for an Evening paper.—Local ba-a-boon.

Where "Uncle Ben" came from.—Cape Hatteras—undoubtedly.

Love me little love me long.—Vide JAMES BUCHANAN to the Democracy.

Logs from which studious young men build their castles.—Catalogues.

Modern mode of punishment for husbands.—Dry goods stocks.

DISTURBANCE IN THE THIRD WARD.—On Sunday night a drunken fellow had full sway over Michigan street, in the Third Ward. His boisterous language, and the hootings of the crowd of boys and idle men who followed him, were highly annoying to respectable pedestrians and residents of that neighborhood. The proceedings were kept up from six until nine o'clock, and not a policeman was seen. We have before alluded to the necessity of having an occasional officer in the Third Ward.

CREATING A FALSE ALARM.—WM. MCKEY was up yesterday charged with creating a false fire alarm, and fined one dollar and costs. It seems that the thing is punishable after all, and that any individual may spirit the respectable and gallant firemen out of their beds at midnight—alarm the city and turn things upside down, generally, provided he is willing to pay one dollar for the fun.

REPUBLICAN MEETING IN THE SIXTH WARD.—All the Republicans of the Sixth Ward are invited to attend a meeting, to be held this Tuesday evening, at half past seven o'clock, in ALTPETER'S Saloon.

THE COMMITTEE.

Free Democrat please copy.

MUNICIPAL COURT, MARCH 26.—B. W. Byrnes, drunk and disorderly. Penalty $1 and costs.

Margaret Monahan, drunk. Penalty, $1 and costs.

Wm. McKey, ringing false fire alarm. Penalty $1 and costs.

THE NEW YORK CENTURY comes to us in a new and more convenient form. The proprietors announce the publication to be a success, and we consider the change a great improvement. The *Century*, for ability and tone, is unapproached by any of the Eastern weekly publications.

STREET SIGNS.—We have frequent complaints of the absence of street signs on the corners of a number of our streets. There is no reason that we know of why the streets should not all be labelled with their proper names, unless it be that the names are better kept in the dark.

REMEMBER the sale of GEO. K. KINDALL'S superior furniture comes off at his dwelling house, on Marshall between Knapp and Ogden Streets, on Thursday next, 29th inst. Call at the City Auction Room and get a catalogue.

THE OSHKOSH DAILY TRANSCRIPT is the name of a really good looking independent sheet published by HARNEY and FARRELL. No. One promises well, we hope it will meet with just the support it deserves, which is wishing it well indeed.

THEATRE.—Mr. YOUNG has announced that the Academy of Music will be ready for occupancy by a Theatrical company on the first of May. We recommend the Hall to a good company as suggestive of a harvest.

THIS MORNING WALL has a sale of damaged goods; also, Warehouse sale from Western Transportion Co. Sale takes place at his Auction Room, No. 134 East Water St., commencing at 10 o'clock.

TO THE PUBLIC.

☞ THOSE HAVING BUILDINGS TO LET, or in want of tenements, should bear in mind that the prices for Advertising in the SENTINEL have been reduced, and that Advertisements of tenements "TO LET," or "WANTED," will be inserted in our special columns under those heads, ONCE for FIFTY CENTS, and THREE TIMES at the low price of ONE DOLLAR—thus affording persons who want *tenants* or *tenements* on the 1st of May, an easy and cheap mode of finding them without paying commissions or spending days in search of Houses. This is a reduction of ONE HUNDRED PER CENT. on our last year's rates for this class of Advertisements

THE SENTINEL, having double the circulation IN THE CITY, and more than treble OUT OF IT, of any other paper here, renders it far the cheapest and most desirable medium in Milwaukee for all classes of Advertisements.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN who consults his own interest will avail himself of the columns of THE DAILY SENTINEL,—especially when he can do so at the same prices charged by other papers, and secure more than double the advantage of circulation.

This is no boast, but EVERY WORD TRUE.

PIKE'S PEAK.—There will be a large emigration to the gold regions this season.—Many who go will draw heavily upon the property already acquired to raise an outfit, and thus leave their families but poorly protected from want, in case they do not survive the hardships of frontier life and the excitements of the eager scramble after sudden wealth. Confidence that loved ones will not be left destitute in case the worst should happen to himself, and the cheerfulness of spirit which such confidence engenders, will often carry one safely through disease and dangers, which, without them, would prove fatal. Let accident or disease overtake a man upon the plains, or in the mountains, whose homestead is mortgaged, or whose family is only temporarily provided for, and as he lies almost unattended upon his blankets, with his saddle for his pillow, and the sky for his roof, let the harrassing thought continually recur, that should he not survive, the suffering of want would soon follow the suffering of sorrow at his home, and the disease will fight from a terrible vantage ground, and he will be fortunate indeed if his vital forces shall at length obtain the mastery.

Hundreds who start full of hope and health, as did hundreds last year, will lie down in unmarked graves, and for many of them the last hours will be saddened by thoughts of unprotected families. But let that be the case with none whose eyes light upon these lines of warning and advice. Let a small sum be added to the expense of an outfit and devoted to procuring a Life Insurance policy, and this will relieve both those who go and those who remain at home from a heavy load of anxiety. This should be felt to be an imperative duty, by no means to be neglected. And to all such we would cordially commend our Wisconsin Company. It has already become a success, and from this as well as from the well known standing and character of its officers and managers, who are among the prominent citizens of the State, we advise those desiring protection for their families to avail themselves of its advantages. Its agents can be found in all the principal towns of the State, and the Home office on the south-east corner of Main and Wisconsin Streets, in this city.

A VERY PLEASANT occasion was that of FRANZ HOLZHUBER'S Farewell Concert, last evening. To be sure, there were not so many people out as we expected, but those who were present certainly enjoyed the music and went away satisfied that Mr. HOLZHUBER, is an artist and composer of no mean ability.

The scholars of the German and English Academy evinced their excellent training and sung several of his productions with much spirit.

MILWAUKEE.—We do not think Milwaukee will outstrip Chicago—on the contrary, we think Chicago will ultimately become the largest city on the Continent—but with the great natural, and continual improving artificial advantages Milwaukee possesses her growth must be very rapid, and her prosperity best subject to fluctuation than any other Western city. Her merchants are strictly honorable in deal, and this admitted fact does more for Milwaukee trade than the accident of low prices at one time and high prices the next will ever for any of her rivals.—*McGregor Times.*

THIRD WARD REPUBLICAN CLUB.—This Club will meet on Thursday evening next, at 7 p. m., in Sivyer's Dining Hall, on Main street, and not Monday evening, as agreed on at last meeting.

GEO. F. HAYWARD, Secretary.

Union Ticket Office Removed.

The Union Ticket Office, burned out today, is removed to 26 Wisconsin street, corner of Main, where the traveling public will find tickets for all points East and South, by railroad. mar21d1w

TO THE VOTERS OF THE EIGHTH WARD.—From the proceedings of a meeting in the Eighth Ward, published in the city papers this week, I learn that my name is mentioned as being a candidate for Councilor of said Ward. I am sorry this nomination was made without my consent and knowledge, and I deem it proper to declare that I am no candidate for Councilor, or any office whatever, my business leaving me no time to devote to public services.

FREDERICK VOGEL.

Milwaukee, March 23, '60. jan26d3t

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—The Illustrated London News, Feb. 25th, contains a splendid colored picture, together with some beautiful wood cuts, making on the whole one of the handsomest numbers ever issued of that truly beautiful paper; "Footfalls upon the Boundary of the Other World;" "L' Femme;" Harper's Magazine for April; Godey's for April; Ballou for April. Everything that is new, in the book and periodical line is always to be had at No. 25 Wisconsin Street.

oct27l858d1y W. E. TUNIS & CO.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION of our readers to a new Saving's Bank just opened at the north-west corner of Main and Wisconsin streets, where deposits are received and interest allowed on the money. mar26j4d3d2w

PROCLAMATION.

LATE DEVELOPEMENTS in the examination of the Books of the City Clerk and Comptroller, indicate that quite a large amount of forged or spurious City Orders and Warrants are in circulation. Therefore, for the protection of the holders of City Orders and Warrants, as well as for the interests of the City, all persons having any City Orders or Warrants in their possession, are requested to present them for inspection and registry, at the Mayor's Office, without delay.

Milwaukee, March 23d, 1860.

mar26j4d1w2w H. L. PAGE, Mayor.

☞ DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Private Physicians, Office, 184 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis my9d2d1y

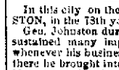
EDWARD P. ALLIS,
LAND AND LOAN AGENT
OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK,
ON EAST WATER STREET.

HOUSES TO RENT.

☞ PERSONS HAVING HOUSES TO RENT on or before 1st of May, will find good tenants by leaving a description at my office.

feb9j209dtf EDWD. P. ALLIS.

REUNION.



MINER & FARIES have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Office No. 21 Wisconsin Street. G. B. MINER, R. J. FARIES.

Milwaukee Feb. 13th, 1860. feb13j317dtf

SEND YOUR
MAGAZINES, &C.,
TO THE
SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY,
AND HAVE THEM BOUND.
☞ The Cost will be Trifling. ☜

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph
Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
my14j293d1f-1stpp A. WELLER Agent.

CONTRACTING DEPARTMENT, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, MILWAUKEE, March 10th, 1860.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until April 6th, 1860, for furnishing materials and constructing Water Works in this city, in accordance with the plans and specifications which have been adopted by the Common Council, on file in the office of the City Comptroller and published in the official papers.

E. P. H. GARDINER, Comptroller.

mar12d10j421.1stpp

☞ BARRY'S TRICOPHEROUS is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies try it. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. mar15j427d3m

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT.
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURNISHED, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block.
jan21j215d1y

DIED:

In this city on the 23d inst., Gen. JOHN C. JOHNSTON, in the 73th year of his age.

Gen. Johnston during a long and vigorous life, has sustained many important business relations; and whenever his business or interests have inclined him, there he brought into active requisition the indomitable powers of both body and mind.—*Madison Journal.*

Announcements.

Clerk of the Municipal Court.

I respectfully submit my name to my fellow citizens of Milwaukee, as a candidate for Clerk of the Municipal Court at the ensuing Charter Election.

THEODORE WETTSTEIN.

☞ City papers please copy. mar16j407dtf

TO THE PEOPLE!

I AM A CANDIDATE for City Comptroller at the ensuing Charter Election. J. L. HATHAWAY.

mar6j355dtf

NEW AND CHOICE
SPRING GOODS
J. L. DAVIS,
178 East Water Street, Milwaukee,
Has Opened one of the
LARGEST STOCKS
—OF—
NEW SPRING GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET, consisting in part of

NEW STYLES SPRING DRESS GOODS, DRESS SILKS, EVENING SILKS, BLACK SILKS, SILK ROBES, IN 5 AND 7 FLOUNCES, ORGANDIES & JACONETS, FRENCH AND ENGLISH PRINTS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, HOSIERY & GLOVES, CLOTH, CASSIMERES & SUMMER STUFFS, SHAWLS, MANTILLAS, RAGLANS, &c., &c., &c

Together with a large Stock of

Housekeeping & Domestic Goods,

WE have also added to our Immense Stock, a *Department exclusively for*

LINEN GOODS!!

Your attention is especially called to this branch of our Stock, as we shall keep the largest and best selected stock of Linen goods of every description, ever kept in the city, and sell them cheap.

OUR THIRD FLOOR is used exclusively for the *manufacturing of*

Cloaks, Raglans, Mantillas, &c., &c.

We shall keep on hand a very large stock of the latest styles. ☞ Raglans, Mantillas, &c., made to order.

LAST, BUT NOT LEAST. We are prepared to exhibit one of the largest and best selected stocks of

CARPETS, RUGS,
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.,

Ever offered in the West. We have the *latest and most* patterns and styles of Oil English, Brussels, Witton, Tapestry, Bigelow (the best Carpet made), Three-Ply, Ingraine, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, &c., &c. Persons in want of Carpets, will save money by examining our stock before purchasing.

OUR JOBBING DEPARTMENT
Is full of all kinds of
Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, &c.,
Which will be sold *cheap* for *cash* and *cash only*.
J. L. DAVIS.
dec19d3t1dly 178 East Water st., Milwaukee.

CHOICE FARMING LANDS!

The Fox & Wisconsin Improvement Co.

NOW OFFER FOR SALE THEIR Lands in the following Counties of the State of Wisconsin:

	Acres.
Adams Co	1,000
Brown Co	19,000
Bad Ax Co	1,100
Clark Co	45,000
Calumet Co	1,400
Crawford Co	3,100
Columbia Co	1,900
Chippewa Co	1,600
Dunn Co	14,000
Eau Claire Co	3,000
Fond du Lac Co	1,700
Green Co	1,400
Jackson Co	2,000
Kewaunee Co	15,000
Manitowoc Co	9,000
Marquette Co	67,000
Oconto Co	14,000
Portage Co	41,000
Richland Co	27,000
St. Croix Co	8,400
Taylor Co	1,400
Shawanaw Co	36,000
Trempleau Co	1,000
Waukesha Co	31,000
Waushara Co	30,000

The above list comprises some of the very choicest farming, prairie, heavy timber, oak openings and pine lands in the State, and unrivaling water powers of the first importance.

These lands were selected years ago, with regard to continuity to market, and are therefore the very best selections in reference to soil and location to be found anywhere in the "Great North-West."

THE FOX & WISCONSIN IMPROVEMENT CO.,

will soon have completed the great Canal through Central Wisconsin, which connects Lake Michigan with the Mississippi River. A majority of these lands being within reach of the Canal's improvements, will have unequalled facilities for shipping their products to market.

For further information, enquire of ROBERT SMITH, Agent of Trustees, or DANIEL L. JOHNS, General Agent, at the Land Department, Appleton, Wis., or at

W. H. RODWAY, Co.'s Agent.
my17j396d1y1stpp 19 Wisconsin st., Milwaukee, Wis.

J. L. McVICKAR & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN LUMBER.
Office Corner of Reed and South Water sts.

J

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1860.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

A. SCOTT SLOAN.

REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

FOR MAYOR,
OTIS H. WALDO.
FOR COMPTROLLER,
CICERO COMSTOCK.
FOR TREASURER,
JOHN R. TESCH.
FOR CITY ATTORNEY,
HALBERT E. PAINE.

WARD NOMINATIONS.

THIRD WARD.

For Aldermen—WM. BROWN, JR.
Councilmen—JOHN CUMMINGS.
Justices of the Peace—J. B. JUDSON.
Assessor—JOHN MITCHELL.
Constable—THOS. KEYES.
B. E. Commissioner—JOHN FRENCH.

FOURTH WARD.

Alderman—EDWIN HYDE.
Councilor—JOHN PLANKINTON.
Justices of the Peace—NATHAN PERELES.
Assessor—DANIEL SCHULTZ.
Constable—GLOVENDYE.
B. E. Commissioner—SAMUEL L. ELMORE.

SEVENTH WARD.

Alderman—W. A. PRENTISS.
Councilor—G. D. NORRIS.
Justices of the Peace—L. P. HOTCHKISS.
Assessor—JAMES MURRAY.
Constable—ROBERT MILLER.
B. E. Commissioner—O. M. WALDO.

EIGHTH WARD.

Alderman—J. C. U. SIDERMAN.
Councilor—F. VOGEL.
Assessor—DAN HELLER.
Constable—FRED. HART.
B. E. Commissioner—J. A. NOLDEN.

ELECTION, TUESDAY, APRIL 3, 1860.

The Republican Nominations.

The nominations thus far made by our Republican friends, for City and Ward officers, have given general satisfaction to the tax-payers and the public. They are not only excellent in themselves, but they set a good example to the Democratic party, which, if they desire, or expect success, they will be forced to follow. It will not do, in the present state of public feeling in Milwaukee, for either party to nominate mere political hacks, or officeseekers by trade, for the various responsible posts to be filled this spring. The Republicans, therefore, in taking time by the forelock and presenting unexceptionable names for the suffrages of the electors, have already rendered an acceptable service to our city.

It is to be hoped that in the Wards which have yet to nominate, the same sound rule will be observed; and that no man will be placed upon the Republican ticket who is not known to be capable and trust-worthy. If this shall be done, and the cordial and united support of the Republican party concentrated upon the nominees thus selected, we shall have done our whole duty. Then, whatever be the issue of the conflict, the responsibility resting upon the Republicans of Milwaukee, will have been faithfully discharged.

Should a majority of the electors of this city, sick of Democratic extravagance, malfeasance and corruption, ratify the Republican nominations at the Polls, we may rest safe in the conviction that the next city administration will be an honest, economical and efficient one. If, on the other hand, the people, notwithstanding the sad experiences of the past, shall still cling to their Democratic idols, the Republicans, at least, will be relieved from all responsibility for the evil consequences that may ensue. Let us then, brother Republicans of Milwaukee, do all that in us lies, to secure the success of the Republican ticket on Tuesday next; well knowing that Victory can impose no obligations upon us that are we not prepared to meet, and that defeat entails no disgrace upon those who, in a good cause and with worthy candidates, struggle manfully for the right.

The Judicial Election.

Two candidates for the Chief Justiceship of our Supreme Court will divide the suffrages of the people on Tuesday next. In politics, both are Republicans; while in point of character and ability both are conceded to be fit for the post to which their respective friends seek to elevate them. Judge SLOAN, of Dodge County, is the nominee of the Republican State Convention which met at Madison on the 29th ult., while the present incumbent of the office, Chief Justice DIXON, has accepted a call, signed by a large number of citizens without distinction of party, to become an independent candidate for reelection. The single point of difference between the two candidates is familiar to our readers. Judge DIXON admits, while Judge SLOAN denies, the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the United States in the well-known case which has arisen in this State under the Fugitive Slave act.

Waiving the question whether what is known as the "State Rights doctrine" is, or ought to be, part and parcel of the Republican platform, it seems to us that there are good and valid reasons why the Republican vote should be concentrated upon Judge SLOAN. It is admitted that he is a man of sound sense, fair talents and unquestionable integrity. It is admitted that he is a lawyer in good standing and of large experience; and that as Judge of the Third Circuit, he gave entire satisfaction to the Bar and the People. It is known that he was put in nomination with great unanimity, by the largest and most respectable Convention that ever assembled in our State. And it is not doubted that he will, if elected, discharge the duties of his high office, ably, honestly and impartially. In all these facts we can discover substantial reasons why every Republican elector should cheerfully support Judge SLOAN; and not one why any part of the Republican vote should be diverted to Judge DIXON, whose election, however accomplished, will be claimed as a Democratic triumph. Republicans of Wisconsin! stand by your guns and sustain your own candidate on Tuesday next.

The School Board.

By way of an offset to the serious charges under which two of our Democratic city officials are now lying, the *News* points to the "School Department" and says:

> We are inclined to believe that there has been as much corruption and prodigacy practiced in that, as in any department of the city government, and yet it has been under the supervision of a stupid Sloan Superintendent.

It is very true that the Superintendent is a Republican, but equally true that the School Board, which has the supervision of all our Public Schools, is—as the *News* has taken frequent occasion to inform its readers—Democratic. There is nothing, however, in the official acts of the Board, or the Superintendent, that they are not willing to lay fully before the public. The books, records, accounts, and all other papers in the office of the Board are open, at all times, to the inspection of any and every citizen. There has been no "corruption or profligacy," to the knowledge of the School Board, or the Superintendent, practiced in this department; and if the *News* has any substantial grounds for its "belief" in the premises, the School Board and the Superintendent greatly desire to be informed of them and pledge themselves to a rigid scrutiny into any wrong that may be suspected, or charged.

A DRUGGIST in Appleton was recently arraigned for selling liquor without a license. The jury, however, disregarded the law, considered it a justifiable act to sell liquor for medicinal purposes without a license, and rendered a verdict of acquittal. The Appleton *Crescent* thinks the verdict will materially increase the number of drug stores in that place.

A. M. THOMPSON, near Hudson, Wis., after turning the prairie grass about his place, last week, was neglectful about putting it out, and in his absence the fire revived, and destroyed a pile of lumber containing 20,000 feet of flooring.

The Legislature and the Land Grant.

The *News*, of Sunday, publishes a review, by a leading member of our Milwaukee Bar, of the opinion recently given by Attorney General HOWE, in favor of the right of the Legislature to resume the control of the lands granted to this State by Congress in 1856, in aid of certain Railroads. While there is some force in the arguments of this reviewer, and a good degree of plausibility in his conclusions, the effect of the whole is greatly weakened by the small partisan spite that discolors it and the partisan misrepresentations of which it is full. Thus "Civis" sets out on his mission to convince the Republican Legislature that Attorney General HOWE is wrong, in the following peculiarly sensible strain:

> EDITOR OF THE DAILY NEWS:—My attention has been called to an opinion, on the subject of the land grant, given by our present Attorney General HOWE, which, considering that among the undean of the present Republican Administration, he has the character of a good lawyer and honorable gentleman, somewhat surprises me. In Governor Randall, any crusade in favor of a Chicago corporation against the interests of our own, would be in character, in his speech at Janesville, before his election, he gave our citizens fair notice of his feelings towards them; under the persuasion of politicians here, they vote for him, although it was in their power to defeat him. The fault is their own; he showed his teeth in advance; of him they cannot complain.
>
> The proposition itself is one of that series of Republican measures, which have made the South Carolina lawshining, and Mississippi honest, as compared with Wisconsin.
>
> Now this is not only sheer nonsense, but arrant untruth; the pitiful fling at Governor RANDALL being a mere repetition of the partisan slang with which the *News* teemed during the last campaign. That "Civis," who is ambitious to be thought "a good lawyer and honorable gentleman," should commence his plea by so unfounded and un-called for an onslaught on Gov. RANDALL, the Republican administration and Republican measures, greatly surprises us unless, indeed, his object was, not to turn the Republican Legislature from what he esteems the error of their ways, but to confirm them it.

"Civis," after sufficiently ventilating his political prejudices, argues the matter of the Land Grant and the power of the Legislature over it, at some length, and arrives at the following conclusions:

> 1. That all the interest of the State in the grant was vested as a present estate in the Company.
>
> 2. That the State, having first violated its agreement as to the certificate, is estopped from alleging a consequent failure on part of the Company.
>
> 3. That, although the charter be repealed, the rights, both in possession and action, acquired under the grant, survives to the stockholders, or creditors of the Company.
>
> 4. That the mortgage having been made by consent and authority of the Legislature, vests the rights of the Company in the mortgage as to the extent of the mortgage, ($1,000,000.)
>
> 5. That a successful resumption by the State of the land grant, does not determine the right, but leaves the State liable, both in that which is true men is higher than law, good faith, and in law by a suit before the Supreme Court, to pay the value of the grant to the Canal Warrants to the extent of $1,000,000, and to other mortgagees to the extent of $1,000,000, and to other parties for the balance; all of which the tax payers of the State will have the pleasure of footing.

We shall not undertake to decide upon the legal force of these conclusions; especially as they differ *toto coelo* from those at which the Attorney General—confessedly an able and upright lawyer—has arrived in his official opinion. But whether "Civis," or the Attorney General, be correct as to the right of the Legislature to interfere with the Land Grant, it is at least clear to our mind that, even admitting the Legislature to possess that right, now is *not* the time to exercise it. Whether another year will so change the aspect of things in this State, as to enable the Milwaukee and Minnesota R. R. Company to prosecute their enterprize, or render it necessary or politic to transfer the Land Grant to other hands, remains to be seen. But for the present at least the Grant should be left undisturbed, and when the cloud which now lowers on Wisconsin shall have passed away, we may see clearly how the interests and credit of the State can best be promoted in the final disposition of the Public Lands.

COMING OUT.—In the Washington (Pa.) *Tribune*, we find a notice of the Republican meeting held in that county, on Saturday evening, the 17th instant. The great event of the evening was a speech by Major WILSON, "an old, well-known and universally respected citizen and democrat," in which he gave his reasons for repudiating his former connection with the Democratic party, and gave his allegiance to the principles around which the Republican party clusters. He stated that he was still devoted to the principles of the party as they were expounded and understood in past years, but that he could not, conscientiously, sustain the party which now perverts and outrages those principles in the name of Democracy. His remarks were received with great applause, and made a profound impression on the meeting. Thus it is that the old, the true, and the tried advocates of Republican principles are detaching the interest from their party in power, because of the repudiation of those principles.

EFFECT OF THE NEXT CENSUS.—It has been estimated that the next census will show the population of the Free States to be 19,630 000, and the Slave States, 9,318,400 free, and 3,980,000 slaves. If the ratio of representation in Congress be fixed at 120,000, as it probably will, the Slave States will have 87 members, making an allowance for what they may gain on fractions—showing a loss of three; and the North will have 163, being a gain of sixteen. Of this gain there will be four in Wisconsin, if the population shall reach 850,000, and three, if it be only 800,000. The relative gain of the Free over the Slave States, by the next apportionment will thus be not less than nineteen. And thus it will go on, the South at each decade of years losing a portion of her political strength, while Slavery shall last, and the North adding as steadily to hers.

MR. SEWARD AND THE PRESIDENCY.—Whether or not Mr. Seward will be the nominee of the Chicago Convention, only the event can determine; but it cannot be denied that if the personal preferences of the Republican masses—without regard to the question of expediency—were consulted, they would speak almost as with one voice in his favor. And this sentiment of personal preference is, we believe, becoming stronger and stronger every day. His last noble utterance in the Senate has served still more emphatically to put upon him the popular admiration and popular regard. And men are becoming more and more inspired with the conclusion that he is not only the most able, but really the most *available* candidate whom we can put in nomination. The impression is fast gaining strength that he will be the strongest candidate who will best embody in his own life the principles we maintain. Men are becoming more and more persuaded that if we are to conquer the enemy it must be under a general whose heart and soul are with us—whose every aspiration is in harmony with our own.—*Utica (N. Y.) Herald.*

A SPEAKER'S WARRANT EQUIVALENT TO A HABEAS CORPUS.—In the Superior Court, New York, last Tuesday, Judge Hoffman presiding, a decision of some interest was rendered. A Mr. Wiekelhausen, sued ex-Sheriff Willett for damages in allowing J. D. Williamson to escape from his custody, where he had been placed by virtue of an execution issued in behalf of plaintiff. Williamson, it will be recollected, was one of the witnesses who attained considerable notoriety before the House Corruption Investigating Committee of the last Congress. The sheriff set up in extenuation that Williamson had been taken out of his custody by virtue of a warrant issued by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in 1857. This question raised the point as to the jurisdiction of Congress over parties in the hands of a State or County officer. Judge Hoffman, in a very elaborate opinion, decided that the power of Congress was controlling; that the warrant of the Speaker was equivalent to a writ of *habeas corpus*, and binding upon the Sheriff, who, therefore, could not be held responsible for an escape under such circumstances.

THE MAINE DEFALCATION.—The official report of the Investigating Committee on the defalcation of Treasurer Peck, of Maine, thus disposes of a charge which has been greedily circulated by a portion of the public press:

> "The gross charges of the Democratic press that a portion of the State's money have been appropriated to political purposes in any Congressional District in the State, are wholly, utterly, unqualifiedly false. All the money that has been thus fraudulently abstracted from the State Treasury has been appropriated to private speculation, engaged in by Peck and others. The most of it is proved to have gone into the Canada operations."

The report, from which we clip the above, is a very long one, going into all the details of the case. It is signed by every member of the Committee, ten in all, a due proportion of whom are Democrats.

The Proposed Excursion of Western Editors to Washington.

From the Baltimore Sun.

It has already been announced in these columns that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company had determined to extend an invitation generally to the editors throughout the West to pass over and examine their road, and visit the cities of Baltimore and Washington. The affair will culminate about the middle of April, and the extent and nature of the preparations in progress gives assurance that the idea of complimenting the fraternity in this way will prove a great success. The arrangements do not only contemplate an excursion upon the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, but through the influence of that company it has been made to include all its numerous connecting lines, river and railroad, throughout the vast regions embraced in its ramifications. Thus, invitations to the editors of the Galveston (Texas) and Leavenworth City (Kansas) journals would bring the holders over the entire route between their homes and the Federal Metropolis. The numerous connecting lines of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad have united most cordially with that line in extending this peculiar and comprehensive compliment to the "fourth estate" of the Union.

The States whose editors will be embraced in the invitation are the following: North-western Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Southern Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Central and Western Kentucky and Tennessee, Western Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas. The entire list of the editorial fraternity in this vast region will, of course, present a large number, but it can hardly be expected that more than one half of them—hard workers as they are—can find it convenient to accept the invitation. Even with this proportion, however, the attendance will be very large, and the occasion will be one of much interest to the cities of Baltimore and Washington; as well as to the transportation lines who have united in it. To that vast proportion of the editorial fraternity in the West who may not have already inspected our great work of internal improvement, the coming affair offers an admirable opportunity to do this under the most favorable auspices, and at the most pleasant season of the year. It is understood that the invitation tickets will be good for a month or more from about the middle of April. This will permit the holders to visit Washington during the session of Congress, while the general attraction there is at its height.

Special trains will be provided at Wheeling and Parkersburg, leaving those places in the morning, so as to afford the best opportunity of viewing the engineering and natural wonders of the mountain divisions of the line by daylight, and after stopping over night at Cumberland, about midway between the Ohio river and Baltimore, proceed to this city or Washington on the following day. At Washington a most interesting compliment is said to be in store for them, in the way of a visit to Mount Vernon, provided by the enterprising proprietors of the steamboat line, which has proven such an accommodation to the public in facilitating their inspection of the home of Washington.

The company, which will number about three hundred editors alone, will embrace some of the most notable members of the profession, including Geo. D. Prentice, of Louisville; A. S. Mitchell, of St. Louis; Hon. J. Clemens, of Memphis, and a host of others. The cities of Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, New Orleans, Vicksburg, Nashville, and other towns of the West and Southwest will send full delegations.

The invitations are in the shape of circular letters, and they will be forwarded in a few days to those for whom they are intended.

California Mails.

The following is the bill reported on the 8th inst. by Mr. COLFAX, of Indiana, from the Postoffice Committee, inviting bids for a Daily Overland Mail to California, and for other Mail service in the same general direction. It has passed the House and will doubtless now pass the Senate:

> A BILL inviting proposals for carrying out the entire Mail between the Atlantic and the Pacific States, on one line:
>
> *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United State of America, in Congress assembled*, That the Postmaster-General is hereby directed to advertise immediately, in such papers of the widest circulation as he may designate, inviting sealed proposals, according to the prescribed form, for carrying the entire mail between the Atlantic and Pacific States, from any point on the Mississippi or Missouri rivers, to be designated by the bidders, to the city of San Francisco, in the State of California, as follows:
>
> 1st. The entire mail to be carried through in each direction daily, in twenty days. Proposals also invited for tri-weekly service.
>
> 2d. To invite proposals to carry the letter mail, and all printed matter on which the rates of letter postage shall be voluntarily prepaid by the sender, to be carried through in twenty days, twice per week in each direction; and the newspaper mail to be carried contractors to have the privilege of sending public documents and magazines by the ocean route to San Francisco, at their own expense, and to be taken through in thirty days from New York.
>
> 3d. The service to commence on the 1st of August, 1860, or at the earliest possible day thereafter, to be named by the Postmaster General, and to continue four years.
>
> 4th. The bidders to designate the principal intervening points on the route which they intend to run, and to supply all post-offices already in operation or which may hereafter be established on their line.
>
> 5th. To invite proposals for supplying Denver City and Great Salt Lake City weekly from the main line, from those bidders whose proposed routes will enable them to perform this service; and to exclude all the postal matter distributed from these offices to others in their vicinity.
>
> 6th. To invite proposals for carrying the entire mail by the ocean route from the city of New York, and also from the city of New Orleans, to San Francisco and return, semi-weekly and also weekly, to be carried through in twenty days.
>
> 7th. Proposals to be received till the 25th day of May, at 10 o'clock A. M.
>
> 8th. The Postmaster-General to reserve the right of the United States to reject all the proposals if they are for any reason deemed unsatisfactory, or if Congress should, after inspecting them, decline their acceptance.
>
> SEC 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Postmaster-General shall, within thirty days after the opening of the bids, lay them, or copies of them, before both houses of Congress for their consideration.

Auction Sales.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NUMBER 134 EAST WATER STREET,
Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will solicit descriptions of Goods at his usual price; advance on all goods, and sell at public or private sale. apr31

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
NO. 134 EAST WATER STREET, AT present, until May 1st. Tuesday, morning, March 27th, at 10 o'clock, I will sell at warehouse Goods, and damaged goods by late fire, consisting of everything. The warehouse goods are from Northern and Western Transportation Companies. Sale positive. CALEB WALL,
City Auction Room.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
GRAND SALE OF SUPERFINE FURNITURE.—I will sell at public auction, on Thursday, March 29th, all the furniture of Mr. Kimball, at his dwelling house on Marshall street, in the brick dwelling house between Knapp and Ogden sts. The furniture is of a superior quality. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock in the morning. Ladies are particularly invited to attend the sale. To prevent disappointment, it is impossible for me to give a full list of them in this advertisement. A catalogue is now being made, which will be ready in a few days. The furniture is, three Brussels carpets, rosewood parlor furniture, chamber furniture of every description, drawing room furniture of every description, kitchen furniture of all kinds, &c. The furniture is all new and of the very best. Call at my auction room on Wednesday, March 28th, and get a catalogue of said furniture. CALEB WALL,
mar27 City Auctioneer.

City Auction Room.

WAREHOUSE SALE FOR WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO., of the following Goods, will take place at my Auction Room, March 27th, 1860, at 10 o'clock:

(Bbl)—20 half Pipes Liquor.
4 " casks do
1 " case cigars.
No mark—1 bolt nuts, kettles, &c.
W. Sweeney—1 rocking chair.
" " 1 Lounge.
P. F.—1 green chest.
J. Cannell—1 box.
J. G. Taylor—1 piece machinery.
M. Tompkins—1 stone sink.
J. A. Sawyer—1 old buggy.
" " 1 bale saddlery harness.
J. A. Kossman, care of Densman & Co.—2 barrels whiskey.
W. S. & L. Alexander—1 safe.
" " 1 trunk.
R. D. Bacon, care of H. & J. F. Hill—1 Thresher.
CALEB WALL, City Auction Room.

WILLIAMS & RODWAY,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
LAND AGENTS AND MONEY BROKERS,
19 WISCONSIN STREET, 19,
WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of Merchandize, at their Sale room or in any part of the City or County.
☞ Liberal advances on consignments, and prompt returns made.
N. B.—Bonds, Notes, and Mortgages negotiated.
R. WILLIAMS. W. R. RODWAY.
Milwaukee, January 17, 1859. jan18 626 dly

A. P. LOCKERBY'S
GENERAL LAND AGENCY,
WAUSAU, WISCONSIN,
FOR MAKING COLLECTIONS, EXAMINATION of Titles, Payment of Taxes, and the transaction of all Real Estate business, in Northern and Central Wisconsin.
REFERENCES:
Lawrence & Hobart, Wausau, Wis.; Strickland & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Hon. A. G. Ellis, Stevens Point, Wis.; N. B. Vanzicke, Madison, Wis.; G. H. Taylor, St. Louis, Mo.; W. G. Bryant & Co., N. Y. City; L. W. Roelkenbeck, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
☞ Office corner Jackson and Fourth sts.
A. P. LOCKERBY,
feb22'60d6m Dep'y Co. Register.

Amusements.

DANCING ACADEMY.
PROF. H. K. LYON,
WILL OPEN HIS PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY, at No. 233 Main Street, over Anderson's confectionary store,
On Saturday, March 17th, 1860,
At 2½ P. M. for juveniles, and 4½ P. M. for Ladies, and 7 P. M. for Gentlemen. To continue on Saturdays of each week, that it may not interfere with the schools of the city.
TERMS:—Juvenile class $3.00 per scholar, Adults in proportion to the number of Dances. Private Lessons will be given at his Academy, or at private residences if required. Music furnished for all occasions. For particulars apply at the Academy, or address H. K. LYON,
mar15'60 2w Box 757, Milwaukee, Wis.

BADGER STATE BOWLING SALOON
NO. 107 MAIN STREET.
PINS AND BALLS FOR SALE, AND for sale to any part of the country. P. LAURENCE.

ALBANY RESTAURANT
AND BILLIARD ROOM,
Albany Block, corner Main and Michigan Sts
OPPOSITE NEWHALL HOUSE, MILWAUKEE.
☞ Ladies Entrance second door on Main street.
nov23'59 dly

Wants.

A GOOD FAMILY HORSE
AND BUGGY WANTED. INQUIRE in the Leather Store, 263 Market street. mar26'60 3t

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
A GOOD SOUND HORSE. MUST be cheap. Address A. W., box 355, P. O. mar21 1 903t

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
I WANT TO PURCHASE A FARM IN Waukesha, Jefferson, or Walworth County, Wis., from 40 to 80 acres, with good improvements; will also purchase the stock on said Farm. Will pay cash, the highest price, for the same, and 10 per cent interest; the farm to be well watered. Any one answering this advertisement will please give full description of his farm, size of buildings, distance from schools and Churches in neighborhood, and what the society is generally.
mar19 CALEB WALL, City Auctioneer.

WANTED TO PURCHASE. THE INTEREST of a Temperance Restaurant already established, in a flourishing town on Railroad Station in this State or Michigan. Address, stating particulars, box 1532 Milwaukee Post Office. oct25

For Sale or Rent.

TO PLASTERERS.
2,000 BUSH. PLASTERING HAIR for sale cheap. Orders left at the country residence of J. K. Sherman's Tanners, on the Cold Spring Power, Sixth Ward, Milwaukee, Wis. Canal Warrants taken. J. K. SHERMAN.
mar8'60 3m

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
TWO HOUSES ON A 60 FOOT LOT, by 127 feet deep, on Jackson street, between Hill and Marin streets, will be sold very cheap and on good and easy terms. Also, the one acre lot and dwelling house on Prospect street, 1st Ward, now owned and occupied by Judge Gross. The location is unsurpassed. Also a description of Shrubbery, Fruit, &c. The house is a good one and in superior order. Title good and perfect upon terms that will suit any one. No money required down.
CALEB WALL.
mar22

FOR RENT
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, THE fire Proof Store, No. 39 East Water st., now occupied by Messrs. Jewel, Rice & Co. Terms to suit the times. Apply to
CHARLES G. WENDT,
mar21'60 3tmo 282 Market Square.

NEWHALL HOUSE.
A FEW NICE ROOMS FOR RENT on Michigan street, under the Newhall House. Also, two on Main street, suitable for Railroad offices or retail trade. Rent low.
mar21'60 dlw DANIEL NEWHALL.

STORE TO RENT.
THE STORE NOW OCCUPIED BY A. W. Higgins as a Crockery Store. apply to WM. BROWN, Jr.
mar20'60 dtf

TO LET.
FOR A TERM OF YEARS, THOSE two lots on the west side of River St., adjoining the Coal Yard and Tannery, north of Chestnut street, known as Nos. 1 and 2 Brewery Block. Inquire of F. PRENKAMP & CO.,
mar19'60 dtf Corner of Chestnut and Michigan Sts.

TO LET.
THE BRICK STORE NO. 109 EAST Water street, now occupied by Green & Button. Possession given the 1st of May. Apply to
Feb. 16th, 1860. A. F. CLARKE,
No. 1 Mitchell's Building.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
FOR SALE OR FOR RENT ON VERY easy terms, the North tenement of double house on Jackson street, second tenement above Sheriff Dunlap. The house is in good order and very convenient. Possession given immediately. Apply to
feb7 CALEB WALL, Owner.

Steamboat City of Cleveland
FOR SALE.

THE STEAMER CITY OF CLEVELAND was built by Blackwell, Banta & Co., in the year 1857, and is of one hundred and eighty-eight tons burthen, or thereabouts.

This Steamer has ample passenger accommodations, and is well furnished and equipped as a first class passenger boat; her capacity for freight and passengers is fully equal, if not superior to any steamer on the lakes other tonnage, and is a staunch first class sea boat.

The boat will be sold on very favorable terms, both as to price and terms of payment, and to parties desiring to purchase a Steamboat a rare opportunity is offered. A full and perfect title will be granted to the purchaser. For further particulars enquire of PASCALL P. PRATT,
Of the firm of Pratt & Co., Buffalo.
jan23,'60 3tmo

ALSO FOR SALE,
THE THREE SCHOONERS, TO WIT: Schooner ELIZA LOGAN, tonnage 256-95; schooner OTTER CREEK, tonnage 250-00; schooner GOV. HUNT, tonnage 247-00.
Either or all of the above named vessels will be sold on liberal terms. Apply to PRATT & CO.,
jan23'60 3tmo Buffalo, N. Y.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
THE OFFICE ROOMS OVER THE Railroad Offices, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, will be rented until the 1st of May next. The best location in the city. CALEB WALL.
oct7

Wisconsin State
Mercantile College
Junean Block, East Water Street.
THIS INSTITUTION OFFERS TO young men great facilities for the acquisition of a complete PRACTICAL and MODERN business Education, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandizing, Rail-roading, Manufacturing, Forwarding and Commission, Steamboating, &c., &c.; and the Book-keeping used for the College, is eminent Book-keepers exclusively for the College, in eminent Banking houses and in every respect Modern. The Teachers are gentlemen of experience, and will render the Student's tuition in the most thorough, expeditious and satisfactory manner; and cannot obtain a diploma until he has taken a Business Course and can pass the necessary examination.

PENMANSHIP,
Practical and Ornamental, in all its forms, by L. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Penman for the Institution, and is engaged, and invites his patrons and friends to call and examine Mr. CHARLETT'S Specimens of Penmanship, which almost defy criticism.
Great attention is paid to the form of business letters, Documents, Bills of Exchange, Due Bills, Orders, &c.
Many young men after completing their course, obtain good situations. Merchants apply here for first class help.
The proprietor will furnish rooms for Students, with or without board. Apply to
jan18'60 dtf C. P. CARRIGO, President.

SAVE YOUR SIGHT!

H. W. ANGER,
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,
RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES TO the Public, that he has imported from RATISBON, in GERMANY, and now offers for sale, a large assortment of

PERSPECTIVE EYE GLASSES
AND SPECTACLES

of the finest purified flint, which show the clearest and most perfect vision. These glasses pass and bear ray of light to pass completely through them and will not only assist in clearly using them to do fine work, but will also, without injury, shut out, and even strengthen the sight, which very often, by other glasses is ruined.

My SPECTACLES are celebrated for the superior and high optic nature of the glasses, as well as NEATNESS and ELEGANCE of finish, for which they have received the highest premiums, (viz.: Gold Medals), being the best specimens on exhibition, at many years' competition and a thorough knowledge of optics, enable me to select such glasses for those requiring the same, as will ensure entire satisfaction.

Office, the brick house on Division St., between Marshall and Main.

H. W. ANGER, the only Agent in the U. S. of the Rathenow Optic Ind. Institute.
Milwaukee, March, 1860. mar10,1t3d2m

CHARLES F. MILLER,
MANUFACTURER OF INVISIBLE
WIGS, TOUPEES,
AND
ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKS, &c.,
Cor. Biddle and East Water Sts., Mil.
THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to call the public attention to his Establishment and stock, which will be found superior to any in the Western States. All the great improvements in the construction of WIGS, HEAD DRESSES, BANDEAUS, BRAIDS, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKS, &c., are used by him, particularly by his ventilating works.
☞ WIGS or TOUPEES made to order, with the certainty of a perfect fit by taking the measure as here directed:

No. 1—Round the head.
No. 2—From temple to temple, below the crown.
No. 3—The hair on the forehead to the poll of the head.
No. 4—Ear to ear.
Address
CHAS. F. MILLER,
Corner E. Water and Biddle Sts., Mil.
oct19'59y

For Green Bay and Intermediate Ports

THE STEAMER OGONTZ, Capt. Wm. DONALD, will commence her regular trips, for above Ports, Monday evening, March 26, 1860, at 6 o'clock.
R. OLMSTED, Agent.

Liquors and Segars.

J. J. SANDS,
BREWER
—OF—
PALE CREAM ALE,
AND
XXX AMBER ALE,
SPRING BREWERY,
On Eigth, Chestnut and Prairie Streets,
MILWAUKEE.
ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY SOLICITED. Price List sent by mail on application. Address J. J. SANDS, Spring Brewery Milwaukee, and Columbian Brewery Chicago. JOHN G. SANDS, Brewer, and Manager of Spring Brewery.
dec9 6t1ysdly

MORSE & BROTHER,
NO. 182 EAST WATER STREET,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN THE
CHOICEST BRANDS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c., &c.
THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY solicited to give us a call. Next door to Uncle Ben's Hat Store.
W. S. MORSE. [dec2-d774-d1y] LEVI MORSE.

Longworth's Wines and Brandies.
SAMUEL S. JOHNSON
HAS BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AG'T for the state of Wisconsin, for the sale of N. Longworth's celebrate Wines, of Cincinnati, Ohio. He has about 45,000 Stock on hand, and invites the attention of Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and all others in want of the Sparkling and Champagne Wines and Brandies, as they will be sold at manufacturer's prices, the duty saving freight and exchange. They will be sold by the case or dozen only. His wines are warranted pure, for Sacramental purposes, or any other desired.
SAMUEL S. JOHNSON,
216 East Water street
aug23dawtf Milwaukee, Wis.

MENOMONEE LAGER BEER HALL.
THE MENOMONEE LAGER BEER HALL of C. T. MELMS is removed to the first floor of Lillington's Brick Block, East Water street, one door north of Wisconsin, where the best of Lager can at all times be found. apl13'59dtf

150 EAST WATER STREET,
UNITED STATES BLOCK.
IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE LATE fire in Young's Block, I have removed to this place, and have since received a large quantity of
SEGARS AND TOBACCO,
FROM HAVANA, NEW YORK AND THE SOUTH.
As my stock of Goods is now as complete as ever before, I solicit a continuing of the favors of all my former customers, friends, and the public in general, again. N. STRAUSS.
☞ A large quantity of Segars and Tobacco, partly injured by the fire, will be sold at very low prices.
3t4

LILL & DIVERSEY'S
CELEBRATED XXX CREAM ALE!
PALE, BITTER, AND AMBER ALES,
BROWN STOUT AND PORTER.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS A LARGE assortment of the above choice Ales, in Casks and Bottles; also a superior article of
MALT VINEGAR,
Manufactured by L. & D., which cannot be tried without a sufficient recommendation.
☞ Casks in city charged unless returned in a reasonable time. HENRY BENTLEY, Agent.
Basement Albany Building, Michigan st., mar26'60dtf opposite Newhall House.

Boots and Shoes.

COPPER TOE
Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tips
—FOR—
BOOTS AND SHOES.
WADSWORTH & WELLS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Boots and Shoes,
30 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.
ARE THE EXCLUSIVE OWNERS OF this Patent in so far as the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, and will dispose of exclusive town or county rights to dealers, for the sale or manufacture of Boots and Shoes with Metallic Tips applied in said States. We are also sole agents for the sale of Iowa and County Rights in to and for the State of Illinois.
WADSWORTH & WELLS,
Will keep, in connection with their other general
A COMPLETE AND FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes.
And will also keep the Metallic Tips to supply the demands of manufacturers in these States at prices regularly established by the Patentees, and from which no deviation is made in the United States.
All infringements of their rights in this Patent will be dealt with according to law.

ATKINS, STEELE & WHITE,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
BOOTS AND SHOES,
No. 147 *East Water Street, Milwaukee*
Have been appointed by Wadsworth & Wells, their exclusive agents for the sale of all Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes made at wholesale and retail, in the City of Milwaukee, and are alone authorized to deal in these Goods in this City. sep22'60dawly

DIPLOMA
OF THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY for the best Specimen of Workmanship exhibited at the Wisconsin State Fair, 1859.
CHRISTIAN BAUTZ,
French Boot & Shoe Maker,
NO. 10 WISCONSIN STREET,
Work done only to order, finished in the best manner, and warranted to fit.
aug18'59dtf CHR. BAUTZ.

Sewing Machines.

SINGER'S GENUINE

Sewing Machines.
General Depot for the North-West
NO. 17
Newhall House, - - - Milwaukee.
HAS COME! HAS COME! HAS COME! The Good Time has Come! SINGER'S No. 2 Sewing Machine
Can now be had for.....$100
Do. No. 1.....90
☞ "For manufacturing purposes the only reliable and unexcelled Sewing Machine in the World."—*N. Y. Sunday Co's. Gospel.*
☞ Family Sewing Machines from Fifty to Seventy-five Dollars.
☞ "We have tried them in our own families and find them a great source to any in use."—*N. Y. Times.*
The best Family Machines in use, with IMPROVED HEMMER, Tucking, Gathering, Cording, Braiding, Quilting, Binding, Felling and Sewing it at the same time. Also, all the Standard Machines at greatly reduced prices. M. SINGER & CO., 458 Broadway, New York.
☞ Machine Twist of superior quality. Needles, Bobbins, Shuttles, &c., for every article used or appertaining to Sewing Machines can be had at this agency. Also, machines repaired at the shortest notice, and extra gearing furnished for machines.
nov18'59 d&wly Agent for J. M. Singer & Co., No. 17 Newhall House.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED NOISELESS
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!!
NEW STYLES—PRICES FROM $50 TO $125.
HEMMERS, $5 EXTRA.
THESE MACHINES SEW FROM TWO Spools, as purch

Special Notices.

Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.

Tell the tell for pretty Nell,
All the household's pride.
She die', they say, of worms she prey,
Although with med'cine oiled,
'Twas Jalap, Mercury, and rambooze,
That helped her too her doom:
But Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge
Saves thousands from the tomb.

Put up in bottles. Price 25 cts. dimes. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and by druggists. mar17dim

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It is the most valuable remedy in the world for Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If the mother could be estimated by dollars and cents, her services would be sold every year in the United States for millions of dollars.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

☞ Be sure and inquire for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

For sale by druggists throughout the world. Office No. 205 Fulton street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice.

jel3d11gdw&twly

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture

IS A COMBINATION OF NATURE'S vegetable antidotes to the irritation and disturbance of the breathing apparatus, which produce cough, coughs, hoarseness, and sore throat. It relieves in a very short time every vestige of inflammation from the lungs and throat, and renews the living spirit of perfect health.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. mar17d3m

KENOSHA WATER CURE

IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN ONE of the most healthy cities on Lake Michigan, between Milwaukee and Chicago, and has been thoroughly furnished so as to accommodate a large number of patients. Experienced nurses are in attendance to attend all patients at the Cure. Dr. Gedney is the attending physician, whose reputation is unbounded throughout the entire west.

☞ For permanent and circular, address

E. PENNOYER, Proprietor, Or,
H. T. SMILEY, M. D.

Kenosha, Wis.

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Pectoral Syrup

STANDING IN THE FIRST RANK OF the profession. Dr. McClintock has given his medicine to the world under the guaranty of his high reputation, as a means of certain, immediate, and permanent relief in diseases of the throat and lungs which have defied all other remedies.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. mar17d3m

THE PUBLIC BLESSING WHICH IS now so universally admitted to exist in Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters, is every day demonstrated in their unfailing efficacy in the cure of all diseases originating in the derangement of the stomach and bowels, weakness of the digestive organs and of the system generally, bilious and liver complaints, night fevers, head aches, piles, consumption, rheumatism, scurvy, impurity of the blood, or blotched and sallow complexion, soon yield to their curative properties. A single trial invariably secures them the title of the best family medicine now before the public. For sale by the proprietor, W. B. MOFFAT, at his office, 335 Broadway, and by Store Keepers and Druggists generally. oct13d36w2d

Drugs and Medicines.

Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,

Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,

Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.

By H. BOSWORTH & SONS,
feb27 Wholesale Druggists, Milwaukee.

JOHN RICE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

No. 83 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PITKIN & BROTHERS, of Louisville, a supply of Mixed BIRD SEED, (Canary) Hemp, Mixed and Rape, put up in small packages, suitable for retailing, for sale in lots to suit, which I am selling at a low figure. Also, a full supply of

JAPANICA,
CAMPHOR,
MOONSALTS,
GLAUBER SALT,
SULPHUR,
ALUM,
ORAM TARTAR,
BAKING SODA,
LICORICE,
BATH BRICK,
CASTOR OIL,
OLIVE OIL,
SOAPS,
QUININE,
MORPHINE,
ALCOHOL,
BURNING FLUID,
CAMPHENE,
TURPENTINE,
MACHINE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
WHITE LEAD,

And a full assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Glass Ware, Spices, &c., &c. aug5

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

HENRY FESS, JR.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

193 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

20 BARRELS WINTER BLEACHED Whale Oil, for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. A genuine received and for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., jan19 Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee.

REED'S BAKING POWDERS, FOR sale, by the gross or dozen, also, at retail. HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—30 CASES RECEIVED, and for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., 193 East Water st.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, FOR sale by HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

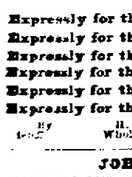
WINTER STRAINED LARD OIL.—10 bbls received and for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

50 BOXES SPERM CANDLES, FOR sale by HENRY FESS, JR., 193 East Water st.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN WINDOW Glass, all sizes. A large lot in store and for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist, 193 East Water st.

BURNING FLUID, FOR SALE BY HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

Alcohol, Oils, &c.



OILS!!

Camphene, Camphene!!

BURNING FLUID,
ALCOHOL,
VARNISHES!

At Wholesale.

Also, a complete assortment of

COAL OIL LAMPS,

BOTH ROUND AND FLAT WICK.

At as Low Prices as can be obtained in Eastern Markets.

Patton & Williamson,
Oil & Gas Merchants,
181 East Water st.
mar28d1dly

WISCONSIN OIL COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE, AT WHOLESALE and Retail:
2,000 GALS. WINTER SPERM OIL.
2,000 " " STRAIGHT WHALE OIL.
2,000 " " BLEACHED WHALE OIL.
Burning Fluid, Camphene and Alcohol.
Improved Engine and Signal Oil for Railroads and Steamers.
☞ Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention.
☞ Address WISCONSIN OIL CO., 32 Spring St., Opposite the American House, Milwaukee, Wis.
jan16d3m6dly

Watches and Jewelry.

A. B. VAN COTT.

BEST RAILROAD TIME-KEEPERS

OF THE BEST ENGLISH, SWISS AND American manufacture, in Gold and Silver cases. Also, a variety of all kinds of Silver and Plated Ware, and new rich Jewelry of every style and description.

Watch Materials, &c.

Corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. 5y30.

HOLIDAY GOODS!!

THE GREATEST VARIETY, BEAUTIful, CHOICE, the FINEST Goods ever brought to this market, are now in store at

LOOMIS AND HEIS', where we ALWAYS AIM to have the newest goods as THEY FIRST COME, at the Jewelry Store of LAYTON & LOOMIS,
dec27 193 East Water st., Milwaukee.

THE SENTINEL.

Terms of the Sentinel.

CASH, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum			$7.00
do	do	do six months	4.00
do	do	do three months	2.00
do	do	do per week	15
Papers to the Trade, per hundred			2.00
DAILY, by mail, per annum			4.00
do	do	six months	2.00
do	do	three months	1.00
do	do	per month	40
do	do	single copies, 2 cents.	
TRI-WEEKLY, per annum			3.00
do		six months	1.00
do		three months	50
WEEKLY, per annum			1.50
do		six months	1.00
do		three months	50

CLUB RATES FOR THE WEEKLY.

To clubs of four (to one address) per annum.. 5.00
do do five do do do .. 6.00
do do ten do do do .. 10.00
Address JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers Daily Sentinel, Milwaukee, Wis.

The Next Queen of Great Britain.

Far away be the time when Great Britain shall know another Queen than she whose very name seems to have heralded a succession of victories to British arms, British policy and British commerce; victories all the more brilliant for the sore trials through which they have been won. We are sure that our readers, whether subjects of her most Gracious Majesty or not, will join heartily with us in this wish; and yet we have noticed in various quarters an uneasy curiosity as to the personality of the next Queen.

She, of course, will be merely a Queen Consort, not a Queen Regnant; her present most excellent Majesty has taken care of that. Hence it would seem that the question as to whom she may be would have at this time very little interest; but on the contrary, if we may judge from some of our English files, that very reason appears to make the subject a matter of curiosity and discussion in certain circles. Therefore it is that we depart from our usual custom, and decide a disputed question which has been submitted to us by some of our readers. We are asked to say whether, "if the Prince of Wales, now heir to the British throne, should not marry before he becomes king, he can then marry a subject, or whomsoever he likes, and whether the issue of such a marriage would be the lawful heir to the Crown?" To the question, in both parts, we answer, yes. The action of any member of the Royal Family in this matter is, of course, as independent as that of any other person, except in so far as it is restrained by Acts of Parliament. Of these there are three touching the marriage of Princes and Princesses of the Blood.

The first was passed in 1772, at the special instance of George III. himself. It rendered all the descendants of the monarch's predecessors incapable of contracting marriages without the consent of His Majesty; but such descendants being above twenty-five years of age, on giving the Privy Council twelve months previous notice, might, after the expiration of that time, marry without the royal assent, unless within that time both Houses of Parliament should declare their disapprobation of the proposed nuptials. This Act originated in the marriage of two of the then King's brothers: the Duke of Cumberland with a Mrs. Horton, and the Duke of Gloucester with Lady Waldegrave. The other Acts were passed in 1827 and 1836, we believe. They were amendments of the former, and had special reference, if we remember right, to the connexion formed by George IV. then Prince Regent, and William IV. then Duke of Clarence. They, however, did not deprive the King of the same power of consenting to his own marriage, which he had a right to exert in regard to any other member of his family.

The right of the King of England to marry whom he pleases, has not been restricted by any Act that we can remember; and it has twice, at least, been exercised in the marriage of subjects by monarchs upon the English throne, and without in any manner affecting the validity of the claim of the issue of those marriages to the succession. Edward IV. married Lady Grey, the daughter of one commoner, and the widow of another—Sir John Grey; and the title of his eldest son by her to a place on the English throne, as Edward V. has never been disputed, although he did not reign, as he was murdered by the usurping Richard III. Again, Henry VIII. married Anne Boleyn, the daughter of a commoner, and if any Englishman had called in question the title of the only issue of that marriage to the throne, as Queen Elizabeth, he would probably have received without delay sufficient information on that subject to last him as long as he lived. So let British mamas who have daughters approaching marriageable years regard them with complacency and treat them with respect—for who knows what may happen.—*The Albion.*

Maple Sugar.

Some time ago a writer in the N. Y. *Tribune* expressed the opinion that molasses made from the maple tree is superior to any manufactured from the cane; while on the contrary the sugar from the cane is superior to that from the maple. And, as a general thing, I presume that is the fact. The question arises, why is not the sugar from the maple as good as the molasses? I can give my opinion and the reasons for the same, gathered from thirty years' experience. An inferior article of sugar is produced by a wrong method of sugaring-off, and of keeping it afterwards. New and clean buckets, clean kettles, or pans to boil in, are very desirable and necessary; but in my opinion, sap caught in glass cups and boiled in silver pans, can all be spoilt by want of skill in reducing it to sugar *and keeping it afterwards!* I have always used old buckets and kettles to boil in. I keep the Kettles as full as they will boil; when I syrrup down I keep a strong steady fire, so as to boil it as hard as I can, and not have it boil over; never to allow it to slacken and vary, for if it rises and falls, it will burn on the sides of the kettles. I boil till it will apron from the dipper.—Then dip from the kettle, skim off whatever rises on the top, let it stand till cool, then strain. For a strainer a thin piece of flannel made in the form of a bag is best. When you strain be careful to pour in none of the settlings. Now have good seasoned wood so you can have a strong steady fire. When you have a fire "put the kettle on," and put in new milk at the rate of a gill to 1 1-2 gallons of sirrup, stirring it in thoroughly. Then don't touch it again till the skum has all risen, which will be just as it begins to boil—then with the skimmer remove the skum as quick as possible—don't stand and shake the skimmer for fear you will take off a drop of sirrup, but use more like a ladle than a skimmer—the skum must be all removed before it boils so hard as to rise, even if you have to slack the fire, and if any adhere to the sides of the kettle have ready a cloth and wipe the sides of the kettle clean. Imperfect cleaning will spoil any sugar—not so molasses—for that will let all the dirt in it settle. After it is cleaned, I drop in a small piece of butter, and keep a strong fire, strong enough to keep the sirrup near the top of the kettle till done. I think I can spoil the best and cleanest sirrup in the world by a slow unsteady simmering boiling.

When it boils like a baste of pudding then I call it done. Then take it off and stir till cool and pour it into stone jars and cover with close covers so as to keep it from the air, and it will retain its new flavor for a whole year. Some store it in wood, but sugar is of such an absorbing nature, that it will be sure to taste of the cask you put it in if the cask has any taste. Some cake it hard and put it on shelves or in open casks; I know that the air will spoil the flavor of sugar; some cake it in tubs or barrels and then drain it, but that will spoil it as it lets the air all through it. To sum up my receipt, *strain the syrup properly, clean thoroughly, boil briskly and steadily, stir it up right and store it right.* I have seen a pail of syrup divided and the parts sugared off by different persons and the sugar would not look at all related. The settlings and skimmings I pour into the strainer and hang near the stove and let the sirrup drip out as you would strain honey; of that you can make A No. 1 molasses. This is my method, which, if observed, would add three cents to the pound of the sugar crop in old Chenango this year, *in my opinion.* If any body has a better, or think they have, let us hear it—I am in for the best. FARMER.

—*Chenango Telegraph.*

CITRIC ACID IN ACUTE RHEUMATISM.—Dr. Hartung states that this substance acts more efficaciously than lemon juice in acute rheumatism. He forms a mixture with six drachms, dissolved in five ounces of water, and sweetened with two ounces of syrup.—This is to be taken in from fifteen to thirty-six hours, the patient also drinking as much cold water as he pleases, and the parts being wrapped in wadding. Of forty-five cases of acute rheumatism, some of them very bad ones, so treated, in two only was the result not satisfactory. Sometimes, even after twenty-four hours of treatment, there is a notable diminution in the pain and the fever, although in most cases from two to three days are required to produce this amendment. The remedy does not induce diarrhœa, and it favors respiration.—*Gaz. des Hop. No.* 134.

KNOT KILLER.—Take of gum shellac half a pound; alcohol, half a pint; put the two in a tight bottle, shake occasionally, and in a few hours it is fit for use. Apply with a swab or brush to all knots and gummy places. This prevents the paint from cleaving off the knots, or the pitch from coloring the paint. With this article on hand, one can use common lumber, if the knots are sound, in the place of clear, and no one is any the wiser. Having obtained the above receipt without paying the five dollars generally asked by painters, with the privilege of telling whom I please, I can do no better than to give it to your readers.

J. C. ADAMS, Seymour, N. Y.

Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS.

CARLOS GLIDDEN.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in Van Cott's Building, corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, third floor. jan12dly

A. M. PARRISH. A. ROSENTHAL.

PARRISH & ROSENTHAL,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, NO. 1 KNEELAND'S BLOCK, 219 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wis. dec31dly

HENRY S. LEE. MASON G. SMITH.

LEE & SMITH,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS, Ludington's Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

CARY & PRATT,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS. OFFICE IN "LAW BUILDINGS," NO. 21 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wis. JOHN W. CARY. [ly12515d3m] WALLACE PRATT.

LAW AND ABSTRACT OFFICE.

JOHN G. TOWNSEND, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, and U. S. Commissioner, No. 218 East Water street. Abstracts and Certificates of Title furnished.

☞ Charges reasonable. je2367003m

UPHAM & GRAHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY. New Post Office Building, second floor. apr16dly

JAMES H. DODGE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law. Particular attention given to the collection of Debts throughout the State. Office No. 4 Mitchell's Block, Milwaukee, Wis. feb2dly

WELLS & BRIGHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin. Office in Law Buildings, Wisconsin Street.

CHAS. K. WELLS. je16 JEROME H. BRIGHAM.

Emmons, Van Dyke & Hamilton,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office—301 East Water Street, corner of Wisconsin Street, in Martin's Block. aug22y

LITHOGRAPHERS.

LOUIS LIPMAN

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHER, OVER the Merino Bank, 210 East Water Street, Milwaukee, is now prepared to execute all orders in Halftone, such as Maps, Prints, Checks, Drafts, Views of Buildings, Show Cards, &c., &c. ☞ Particular attention paid to printing up Rail Road Maps, Bonds &c. myl1dly

PHYSICIANS.

J. S. DOUGLAS, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST, HOUSE AND OFFICE No. 92 Wisconsin street, S. W. Corner of Van Buren street. nov28d3m5dlyawlm

PACKERS, &c.

JOHN PLANKINTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SOAP AND CANDLES, West Water Street, near the M. & M. R. R. Depot, Milwaukee.

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

P. KANE & SON, PROPRIETORS, Spring Street, Milwaukee, Wis. jy13c737dly.

PAINTERS.

SAMUEL M. BROOKS

PORTRAIT AND LANDSCAPE PAINTers. Studio, Corner of East Water and Wisconsin Street, over Van Cott's. dec31dly

MUSIC.

INSTRUCTIONS IN SINGING AND COMPOSITION.

TERMS: PER QUARTER OF THIRteen weeks, twice a week, $20.00; For quarter of thirteen weeks, once a week, $11.00. Orders may be left at Mr. Hempstel's Music Store, at the office of O. Von Deutsch, with the subscriber, No. 56 Third Street, opposite the Lacrosse R. R. Depot. dec8dly E. SOBOLEWSKI.

Fuel, Lumber, &c.

TIMBER.

Long Timber,	Short Timber,
Large Timber,	Small Timber,
Square Timber,	Flat Timber,
Pine Timber,	Oak Timber,
Long, Small,	Sawed Timber.

TIMBER CHEAP FOR CASH.

☞ East and Chestnut Street Bridge, Marinette, Wis. PIERCE, LUSCOMBE & CO.

999,000 Lumber 000 Feet.

IF WE SUPPOSED THESE HIGHFALUTING, lying advertisements about Lumber were believed, we should go right out of the business. Our experience is, however, that men who want to buy Lumber have full as many brains as those who want to sell—only a board and somthing bits—and twenty per cent. knocked off from them—now it does make us feel

PIERCE, LUSCOMBE & CO.

Long Joist and Scantling.

SHALL START OUR MILL EARLY.... Hand in your Bills for long Joist, Scantling and Timber; will commence freighting as soon as the above is free from ice.

PIERCE, LUSCOMBE & CO.

DO YOUR BUSINESS EITHER AT the Yard of Pierce, Luscombe & Co., First Ward, or Pierce & Co., Fourth Ward, to secure convenience. PIERCE, LUSCOMBE & CO.

feb23d3m

LAMBERTON'S

WOOD, HAY, AND HOP MARKET.

N. W. Corner West Water and Clybourn sts.

Office with Mabbett & Breed's.

BEST SEASONED WOOD, ALL KINDS Cut and Split, ready for use. Every description of HAY for sale or shipment, and a large lot of NEW EASTERN HOPS of first quality.

All warranted, and delivered free in any part of the city at short notice. C. H. LAMBERTON.

my16d6m6dly

CASH COAL YARD!

C. DUDLEY, AGENT,

IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR CARGO, the following Kinds of Coal of the very best quality and

LOW PRICES!

Delivered in any part of the city on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold from this Yard warranted full weight and best quality.

LEHIGH PREPARED COAL,
LEHIGH LUMP COAL,
SCRANTON PREPARED COAL,
SCRANTON LUMP COAL,
LACKAWANNA PREPARED COAL,
LACKAWANNA LUMP COAL,
PITTSTON PREPARED COAL,
PITTSTON LUMP COAL,
BLOSSBURGH COAL,
PITTSBURGH COAL,
ERIE AND CLEVELAND COAL.

Will deliver to dealers and large consumers, at any point on the lakes or in the country, at eastern prices, including freight.

☞ All orders addressed to C. DUDLEY, Agent, Milwaukee, will receive prompt attention.

☞ Office and Yard, corner of West Water and Division streets, near Huron Street Bridge, Milwaukee. jy16d3m6dly

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JONES & POPE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in the various kinds of very best Coal, for Steam, Blacksmith, and Family purposes. Also,

Wood, Baled Hay and Water Lime,

Constantly on hand. Wood sawn or unsawn, to suit customers,

AT LOW PRICES,

Delivered to any part of the city, or on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold from warranted good weight, and of the best quality.

All large consumers and dealers wishing to buy Bituminous Coal by the cargo, for steam and blacksmith purposes, please give us a call. We will sell at Cleveland prices, delivered on board vessel, the best and cheapest Steam and Blacks with Coal now in the market; being proprietors of an extensive Coal mine, and receiving fresh Coals daily at Cleveland, we expect to sell as low as anybody.

☞ Office of Empire Wood and Coal Yard, corner of Oneida and River Streets, Milwaukee, Wis. aug22d63dly

J. E. STEVENS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Hard and Soft Wood Lumber,

RIVER STREET, CORNER OF BIDDLE, Milwaukee, ... Wisconsin.

ASH, OAK, HICKORY, MAPLE, WALNUT, CHERRY, and WHITE WOOD LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH,

And all other kind of

WAGON AND CABINET LUMBER, CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

aug30d3m6dly J. HOLBROOK, Agent.

MILWAUKEE TIMBER YARD.

ONE MILLION FEET.

S. BATCHELDER,

MANUFACTURER OF NORWAY AND White Pine Lumber, has established a yard on River St., foot of Martin, for the sale of Timber, Norway Pine Piles, and a full assortment of timber for shipping to order. jy27d3m3dly.

SCHUMACHER & JOHNSON

MANUFACTURERS of the GREAT WESTERN FIRE, POWDER & **Burglar-Proof Safes.** Vault Doors, etc. Our Safes are provided with our own "Ne Plus Ultra" Safe and Vault Door Locks, which have no key nor key hole, and consequently cannot be picked nor blown open with powder, besides being put on so as to leave no possible chance for driving them from the doors. jy7fr67dly

JOHN C. SEWETT'S

WHOLESALE BIRD-CAGE MANUFACTORY

BUFFALO N.Y.

ONE GREAT PECULIARITY WHICH my Cages possess over all others, is they are thoroughly soaked in a brick oven, and are guaranteed not to injure the birds. Also warranted superior in ornamental finish and durability. Prices guaranteed as low as any maker in the United States. Illustrated circulars and price lists sent to any address, on application. JOHN C. SEWETT.

mar16d6dlyme 217 Main street.

THE LUXURY OF THE SEASON!

Thomson's Corrugated Skirts.

For sale by the principal Retailers.

Insurance.

SECURITY.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford, Connecticut.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford, Connecticut.

CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford, Connecticut.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY Of Hartford, Connecticut.

HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY, Of New York.

LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE CO., Of New York.

RESOLUTE INSURANCE COMPANY, Of New York City.

W. HENRY HOLLAND, Agent. North-west cor. Main and Wisconsin sts., Mil. feb18ly&dly

UNITED STATES

MARINE AND FIRE INS. CO.,

Capital $100,000 00—Surplus $15,111 81.

OFFICE—Under MITCHELL'S BANK, corner East Water and Michigan Streets.

MILWAUKEE, - - - - WISCONSIN.

DIRECTORS.

J. A. Helfenstein, E. Sanderson,
Samuel Hart, Moses Kneeland,
G. D. Bousman, H. L. Palmer,
S. S. Daggett, Daniel Wells, Jr.,
Solomon Adler.

J. A. HELFENSTEIN, President.
G. D. BOUSMAN, Vice President.
W. J. PALMER, Secretary.
S. S. DAGGETT, Treasurer. mar7

Insurance, Land and Money Agency

—OF—

J. H. CRAMPTON.

New England Fire and Marine Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Cash Capital and Surplus, Jan. 1st, 1859..... $230,251 56

J. M. WATERMAN, President.
GEO. D. JEWETT, Secretary.

North American Fire Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Cash Capital and Surplus, July 1st, 1859..... $237,753 67

JAMES G. BOLLES, President.
A. F. HASTINGS, Secretary.

REFERENCES IN MILWAUKEE:

Lester Sexton, H. D. Camp, John Bradford, Atkins, Steele and White, James S. Martin, Silkman & Field.

☞ Policies issued at fair rates by

J. H. CRAMPTON, Agent.

Office under the Newhall House, on Michigan st. dec28dly

THE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company

OF THE

STATE OF WISCONSIN.

TRUSTEES.

S. S. DAGGETT, J. B. MARTIN,
DR. E. B. WOLCOTT, ANSON ELDRED,
HENRY L. PALMER, JAMES BOSWELL,
LESTER SEXTON, DANIEL MCWHORTER,
SAMUEL MARSHALL, HENRY A. CHAPIN,
MITCHELL'S SERVICE, M. C. SMITH,
JOHN H. VINING, D. D. NEWELL,
A. H. SCOVILLE, ALEX. GRAHAM,
H. L. DOUGLASS, S. G. HALL,
ALEXANDER KASTE, JOHN HARVEY,
J. G. JOHNSTON, JOHN H. ROUNSTRE
L. G. FARGO, HENRY P. PECKY,
H. H. HARVEY, JAMES NEWCOMB,
EZRA MILLER, N. C. SAGE,
JOHN A. BUTCHER, MARSHALL M. STRONG,
CHAS. L. HALL, DAVID PIKE, H. WHITAKER,
O. ALEXANDER, A. C. WILLIAMS,
S. S. DAGGETT, President.
DR. E. B. WOLCOTT, Vice Pres't.

A. W. KELLOGG, Secretary.
C. D. NASH, } Examining Physicians.
O. F. WOLCOTT, }
L. MCKINSTRY, }
D. P. BACON, }
E. B. WOLCOTT, Consulting Physician. ap21h70dly

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE AGENCY

OF

OGDEN & WALL,

S. W. Cor. of Michigan & East Water Sts.

SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INS. CO., Cash Capital and Surplus..... $437,000

MASSASOIT INSURANCE COMPANY, Springfield, Mass.

Cash Capital and Surplus..... $235,000

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Hartford, Conn.

Cash Capital and Surplus..... $218,000

MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford, Conn.

Cash Capital and Surplus..... $41,000

The above named very reliable Companies have been long and favorably known in this city, their losses (in some instances very large,) have been met promptly and liberally; they are managed by prudent and experienced men, and are in every way entitled to public confidence.

☞ Policies issued without delay, and at as Low Rates as in other first class Companies.

S. S. OGDEN, Agent. OGDEN & WALL.
oct16d3m2dly

MILWAUKEE MUTUAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, NOS. 2 & 4 MARTIN'S BLOCK, (Second Floor.)

CAPITAL 100,000 DOLLARS.

THE OLDEST COMPANY IN THIS State, unsurpassed for safety, and unequalled in cheapness by any Company in the State.

DIRECTORS:

E. S. DAGGETT, E. D. HOLTON,
E. CRAMER, G. BARRY,
H. L. PALMER, J. B. MARTIN,
AUG. GRENELLE, JESSE FESS,
J. H. VAN DYKE.

S. S. DAGGETT, President.
J. B. MARTIN, Vice Pres't.
P. B. HILL, Secretary. M. L. SKINNER, Office Agent.
Jan16

The Park Fire Insurance Company

INCORPORATED IN 1853.

CASH CAPITAL..... $200,000 00
SURPLUS, July 1, 1859..... 85,020 29

OFFICE—237 BROADWAY & 50 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

THIS COMPANY INSURES BUILDINGS, Merchandize, Ships and their Cargoes in Port, Household Furniture, and Personal Property generally, against Loss or Damage by Fire.

JOSIAH W. BAKER, President.
WM. JAFFRAY, Secretary.
☞ ALEXANDER, Agent, Newhall Block, corner Michigan and Main sts.
GEO. BAKER, Gen'l Agent, Milwaukee.
sept15d72dly

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

Insurance Against Loss and Damage by Fire.

Germania Fire Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK CITY.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - - $200,000 00
SURPLUS December 31st, 1859, - 15,792 29

OFFICE 5 BEEKMAN STREET,

(PARK BANK BUILDING.)

M. HILGEN, President.
RUD. GARRIGUE, Secretary.

Firemen's Fund Insurance Co.

NEW YORK CITY,

110 BROADWAY,

METROPOLITAN BANK BUILDING.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - - $150,000 00
SURPLUS December 31st, 1859, - 11,149 00

N. G. GRAHAM, President.
HENRY BERGMAN, Secretary.

Policies in the above First Class Co's issued without delay, and liberally by

JUSTUS REMINGTON, Agent,
Office in Preusser's Block, cor. East Water and Mason sts., Milwaukee, Wis. oct11d3m6dly

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF

The Massasoit Ins. Co.,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

On the 31st day of December, 1859. In conformity with the Laws of the State of Wisconsin.

1. The name and locality of the Company, Massasoit Insurance Co., Springfield, Massachusetts.
2. The amount of its capital stock..... $150,000 00
3. The amount of its capital stock paid up 150,000 00
4. The assets of the Company, including:

1. The amount of cash on hand.....	57,673 00
Amount of cash on hand from Agents not yet received, but in course of transmission.....	7,650 10
2. The real estate owned by the Company, and how they are secured, with rate of interest thereon:	
1 City Dubuque, Iowa, bond 10 per cent.....	192 44
Interest accrued and unpaid.....	5,182 20
3. Debts to the Company accrued for insurance.....	85,902 09
5. Loans on collateral security.....	3,650 00
6. Loans on personal security.....	4,100 00
7. All other securities:	
Bank stock as per schedule.....	91,250 00
Railroad stocks as per schedule.	7,500 00
Bills receivable.....	1,000 00
Office furniture, library, &c.....	252 54
Surplus over capital.....	22,196 66
	212,196 66 212,196 66
5. The amount of liabilities due or not due for losses or other creditors by the Company.....	none.
6. Losses adjusted and due.....	none.
7. Losses adjusted, not due.....	11,075 83
8. Losses unadjusted.....	14,262 17
9. Losses in suspense, waiting for proof.....	none.
10. All other claims against the Company.....	none.

11. The largest amount insured in any one risk, $10,000.
12. The greatest amount allowed by the rules to be insured in any one city, town, or village.
Ans. As much insured as is deemed prudent.
13. The greatest amount allowed to be insured in any one place.
Ans. See answer to question 12.
14. The gross amount of premiums received in the State of Wisconsin for the current year prior to the making of this report, $1,845 26.
15. The character and amount of stock $1,05.
16. Dividends declared and paid during the past year, $15,000.
17. Copy of charter or act of incorporation of the Company.
A certified copy sent heretofore.

SAMUEL M. DAY, President.
N. A. CLARK, Secretary.

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, } ss
Hampden County.

Be it known that on this third day of February A. D. 1860, before me appeared Samuel S. Day and N. A. Clark, personally known to me to be respectively the President and Secretary of the Massasoit Insurance Company and severally made oath that the foregoing statement is correct to the best of their knowledge.

Witness my hand and Notorial Seal at [L. S.] Springfield in said county the day and year above written.

A. L. SOULE, Notary Public.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss
Secretary's Office.

The Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin hereby certifies that the foregoing statement has been compared with the original instrument on file in this office, and that it is a true and correct copy thereof, and of the whole of such original.

The Massasoit Insurance Company, Springfield, Mass., having complied with the requirements of Sections One and Five of an act entitled "An act to regulate Insurance Companies, incorporated by the State of Wisconsin," approved March 10th, 1859; and having also paid into the State Treasury the sum of fifty-five and 50-100 dollars, being three per cent upon the gross amount of premiums received in the State of Wisconsin in the year 1859, as by law required.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the Act aforesaid, the Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin hereby certifies that the said Massasoit Insurance Company, when it shall have complied with the requirements of Section three of said Act, may take risks, receive premiums, and transact the business of an Insurance Company in this State from this date until the thirty-first day of January, A. D. 1861.

[L. S.] In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal at the Capitol, in Madison, this twenty-fourth day of February, A. D. 1860.

EDWARD ELSLEY,
Assistant Secretary of State.

SAMUEL M. OGDEN, Agent.
Ogden & Wall, Milwaukee, Wis.
feb24d3t6dlyme

Insurance.

North-Western Insurance Comp'y,

CITY OF OSWEGO, N. Y.

Milwaukee Office, No. 6 Newhall House, Michigan Street.

FIRE AND INLAND MARINE.

INCORPORATED 1853.

Cash Capital, $150,000; Surplus, $178,548.

Cost of Re-insuring existing risks..... $40,800 00
Leaving a Net Surplus of..... 137,748 00
Losses paid by the Company since 1853..... 2,701,713 00
Forty-two Dividends paid to the Shareholders..... 332,450 00

JAMES PLATT, President.
S. B. LUDLOW, Secretary.
JOHN WHITE, Agent,
Office No. 6 Newhall House, Michigan st.
feb15h856d1y

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

WISCONSIN GENERAL

INSURANCE AGENCY

CHARTER OAK FIRE INS CO.,
Hartford, Conn.
Cash Assets..... $341,856 98

WESTERN MASS. FIRE INS. CO.
Of Pittsfield, Mass.
Cash Assets..... $205,657 41

CONWAY FIRE INSURANCE CO.
Of Conway, Mass.
Cash Assets..... $265,451 47

HAMPDEN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Springfield, Mass.
Cash Assets..... $225,000

J. W. CHAIN, AGENT,
Office, No. 2 Martin's Block, up stairs,
Jan20h642d1y Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

Liverpool and London

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Stockholders Personally Liable for all Losses.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL..... $10,000,000
INVESTED FUNDS..... 1,000,000
YEARLY REVENUE OVER..... 2,000,000
INVESTED IN THE UNITED STATES OVER 1,000,000

Office, No. 56 Wall Street, New York.

DIRECTORS IN THE UNITED STATES.

James Brown, Esq., Ch'n, Francis Cottinet, Dp. Ch.
Ed. F. Sanderson, Esq., Joseph Gaillard, Jr., Esq.
William S. Wetmore, Esq., Edward M. Archbold, Esq.
Alex Hamilton, jr., Esq., Henry Grinnel, Esq.
Eugene Dutilh, Esq.

ALFRED PELL, Resident Secretary.
ALEX. HAMILTON,

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Arrival of the Steamer Baltic.

New York, March 25—2 P. M.

The steamship Baltic arrived this P. M. with California dates March 5, having 420 passengers and $89,500 in specie on board.

The shipment of treasure is very light, owing to very heavy investments made in the mining mines of Washoe.

A destructive fire occurred at Sacramento City, on the 4th inst. Loss $20,000.

Advices from Portland, Oregon, to the 27th ult., and Victoria to the 29th ult., says: The Democratic State Committee of Oregon had elected delegates to the Charleston Convention, and the Republican State Committee had appointed delegates to the Chicago Convention.

Lieut. Mullen's wagon road expedition was in winter quarters. The road is completed 200 miles from fort Walla Walla, and is expected to be finished to Fort Benton the coming fall.

Gen Barrows has been elected Governor of San Salvador.

The Nicaraguan government had approved of the contract with Crosbey & Co., and invoked a special session of Congress to ratify it.

The revolution in Liberia, Costa Rica, in favor of ex-President Nicra, had been suppressed.

The news from Chili is uninteresting.

Peru appears to be on the eve of war.

It is reported that President Castilla is about to march with his entire army against Bolivia.

The minister to Guatemala is coming home for his health, which is very precarious.

Advices from Equador report that Marena's forces have beaten those of France in three skirmishes.

Both factions were waiting till May for the rains to cease, when the contest will be renewed.

Advices from Peru state that an attempt had been made to get up a revolution in Arequipa, against Castilla, but it was put down after three hours' fighting.

Advices from New Granada state that the Cass Herran treaty, as amended by us, has been ratified by both Houses of the Granadian Congress.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, March 25—3 P. M.

The members of the Democratic National Committee are requested to meet in Washington, on Thursday, April 5th, for consultation on important business. It is understood that no change will be made in the place of holding the Convention, but it was thought important that the committee should meet to satisfy public opinion in the hope that grievances complained of at Charleston may be abated.

The clamor for a change continues unabated from different sections.

There is some talk from individuals, delegates now here, of an informal call upon the several State delegates, to confer at the same time with the Democratic National Committee.

The Captured Steamers.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—3 P. M.

The New Orleans papers of Wednesday contain a statement made by the prisoners aboard the Mexican prize steamers, corresponding substantially with accounts already published. The Gen. Miramon had a crew of 250 men, mostly Spaniards; 40 of the crew were killed and wounded in the engagement. The prisoners state that the arms, ammunition, &c., were put on board at Havana, with the knowledge of the Cuban government. A large proportion of her cargo consisted of powder, which was thrown overboard during the fight. Some of the barrels of this powder have been recovered, and prove to be the same as used in the arsenals at Havana.

From New York.

New York, March 25—3 P. M.

It is suspected that the Chinaman who was picked up in the yawl off Burnett, has murdered the captain and his brother, and then deserted the vessel. His sudden disappearance on arriving at this city, tends to confirm the suspicion. The Spray was bound to Virginia for a cargo of oysters, and Captain Lacey had in his possession funds for the purchase of his cargo. The police have the matter in hand.

Wm. Johnson, alias Alfred W. Hicks, the suspected murderer of the Captain and crew of the oyster sloop E. A. Johnson, arrived here yesterday, in custody of detectives Nevins and Smith, of Providence, R. I. A silver watch a two money bags found in possession of the prisoner, have been identified as the property of Captain Burr.

Hotel Rates at Charleston.

ALBANY, March 26—3 P. M.

The Democratic Central Committee have found that the best hotel arrangement they could make at Charleston for eighty persons, is $5 per day, to commence on the 15th of April, which is one week before the Convention. That is equivalent to nearly $10 a day each.

NIAGARA CORNERS, March 26—3 P. M.

A fire yesterday morning destroyed Gibson's cabinet shop and seven adjoining buildings.

ST. CATHERINES, March 26—3 P. M.

The Welland Canal will be open on the first of April.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, March 26—9 P. M.

HOUSE.—Mr. C B. Cochrane appeared and took his seat for the first time since the organization of the House.

Mr. Thayer, of Mass., introduced a bill withdrawing the protection of Congress from non-resident land-holders in the several States and Territories.

Mr. Spaulding, of New York, introduced a bill making an appropriation of $15,000 for the repair and improvement of the Buffalo harbor; also authorizing the improvement of the St Clair Flats.

Mr. Florence, of Pennsylvania, introduced a bill to fix and regulate the duty on imports.

Mr. Montgomery, of Penn., introduced a bill to establish an assay office at Atchison, Kansas.

The above bills were all appropriately referred.

Mr. Blake, of Ohio, introduced a bill to repeal the Fugitive Slave Law of 1850. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Committee on Commerce was instructed to enquire into the expediency of reporting a bill making the appropriation for a steam revenue cutter on the Delaware river.

Mr. Curtis, of Iowa, introduced a Pacific Railroad bill. Referred to a select committee.

Mr. Garnett, of Virginia, introduced a bill enabling citizens of the U. S. to carry their property freely and without molestation, into the Territory of Kansas. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Curtiss introduced a Pacific Railroad bill. Referred to a select committee.

Mr. Garnett introduced a bill enabling citizens of the United States to carry their property freely and without molestation, into the Territory of Kansas. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Morse introduced a resolution, declaring that more effective measures for the suppression of the African Slave trade, which is rapidly on the increase, are necessary, and as it is a crime against human nature and opposed to the moral sentiments of mankind, the President be requested to open negotiations with the leading powers of Europe, with a view of declaring it piracy by international law. Referred to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union.

Mr. Boocock offered a resolution censuring Messrs. Kilgore and Washburn, of Maine, for not voting; which, after considerable debate, he withdrew.

Mr. Colfax, by request of the P. O. Department, introduced a joint resolution for the convenience of that department appropriating, in part, the accruing revenues for the payment of contractors for carrying the mails during the quarter ending March 31. Not passed.

Among the resolutions adopted was one calling for information in relation to the Reciprocity treaty, and whether Canada has violated, in spirit of resistance; requiring Secretary of Treasury to furnish all the information in his possession in regard to the contracts for keeping public stores, and whether any member of Congress directly, or remotely, has a pecuniary interest therein.

One providing for a select committee to inquire into the tobacco trade, with a view of a removal of the restrictions of foreign nations; one

One inquiring into the monies paid for the transportation for the army of Utah.

Mr. McQueen offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the committee of Ways and Means to inquire and report, if they see fit, a measure relieving the shoemakers of Maine, from the tyranny of the capitalists of that State, by repealing the duty on leather or other imported articles which enter into the shoemaker's business.

Mr. Vallandigham offered a resolution, which was adopted, calling for the correspondence relative to the Swiss treaty, and the disabilities therein, upon Hebrew citizens of the United States, a former resolution on the same subject not having been answered, an additional correspondence having since taken place; also a resolution inquiring into the cruelties alleged to be practiced on board American merchant vessels.

Mr. Blake offered the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS chattelling of mankind and the holding of persons as property is contrary to natural justice and the fundamental principles of our political system, and is notoriously a reproach to our country throughout the civilized world, and a serious hindrance to the progress of liberty throughout the nations of the earth; therefore,

Resolved, that the committee on Judiciary be, and the same are hereby instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill giving freedom to every human being and interdicting power to legislate upon the subject.

A scene of confusion ensued, amidst which the roll was called, and the proposition rejected by 60 against 106.

Mr. Haskin, from the Committee on Public Expenditures made a report on the subject of Public Printing, concluding with resolutions requiring a practical printer only to be elected by either house. He is also to execute the binding, and to give bonds in the sum of $35,000, and 40 per cent, to be deducted from the prices now allowed by law. The consideration of the subject was postponed till Thursday next.

Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill supplying the deficiency for the year ending with July next, and a bill for the payment of sundry civil expenses of the Government for the next fiscal year.

The House went into Committee on the Whole, and the Army Appropriation bill was taken up.

Mr. Sedgwick made a Republican speech. Adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Gwin moved to take up the bill to facilitate communication between the Atlantic and Pacific States. Agreed to.

Mr. Latham moved an additional section, that the materials to build the line be conveyed by the government, when it can be done without additional expense or inconvenience. Not agreed to.

Mr. Grimes moved an amendment that the Telegraph Co., or its agents, will not interfere with the right to locate a railroad hereafter, by the pre-emption of all the lands on that route. Agreed.

The bill was read a third time and passed. Yeas 28, nays 18.

The Consular and Diplomatic bills were then taken up. The Committee's amendments were considered with the following result: The appropriation for a minister to Paraguay was not agreed to; the appropriation in the bill of $22,500 for the relief and protection of American seamen was amended so as to provide that $17,500 of that sum be used for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1860; the appropriation of $10,000 for acknowledging the services of masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing citizens of the United States from shipwreck, which was agreed to; the appropriation of $10,000 for expenses incurred under the instructions from the Secretary of State in bringing home from foreign countries persons charged with crime, and expenses incident thereto was agreed to.

The appropriation of $4,000 to enable the Secretary of State to defray the cost of a prison-ship at Canton, China, from the 1st of January, 1854, to January 1st, 1857, and compensative of the Marshal of the Consular Court at Canton, from January 1st, 1854, to December 15th, 1857, was agreed to.

Mr. Houston then moved an amendment, appropriating $15,000 for a Minister to Paraguay.

Mr. Mason advocated the necessity of a Minister as tending to develope commercial intercourse with that country.

Mr. Benjamin hoped the amendment would not pass, and thought there was necessity for retrenchment in the diplomatic service.

After further discussion the amendment was rejected and the bill passed.

The bill to authorize the sale of public arms to the States and Territories, and to regulate the appointment of superintendents of the national armories was taken up.

The bill supplementary to the act to authorize protection to citizens of the United States who may discover deposits of guano, was taken up and discussed at length and postponed till to-morrow.

The joint resolution from the House for the relief of the mail contractors was read and passed.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

Wisconsin Legislature.

MADISON, March 26.—9P. M.

ASSEMBLY.—Bills Passed.—To appropriate $25 to the members of the joint committee on State Prisons, for expenses in visiting the Prison and Reform School; to remit certain indebtedness of Portage Co. to the State; to incorporate the Wisconsin Agricultural and Mechanical Association; to charter the village of Eagleborough; to authorize the laying out of roads three rods wide; some debate occurred on a motion of Mr. Palmer requesting the Senate to return the bill to authorize the service of process by publication in certain cases, for further action. It was finally lost; to extinguish the town of Oswell, in Racine Co., and attach it to Mt. Pleasant and Caledonia; to authorize a break water in the Third Ward, Milwaukee, for certain publication in the Sauk Co. Pioneer and Wisconsin.

The joint committee to which was referred so much of the Governor's Message as relates to the geological survey, made a report in favor of the survey, and constituting James Hall principal of the commission.

Much time was spent in committee of the whole. No debate permitted.

Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY, P. M. session—Bills Introduced.—A bill for an act providing for the filling of an official oath and bond of the county Judge of Polk County. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

The Senate resolution to adjourn on Monday, April 2d, was adopted by the Assembly.

Nothing further of any importance was done.

SENATE.—Bills Introduced.—To amend sec. 59 chap. 133 R. S.; to appropriate to the Hospital for the Insane.

The resolution of Saturday to extend the day for final adjournment to Monday, the 2d of April, was taken up and adopted.—Ayes 16, nays 12.

Bills Passed.—To amend chapter 92 general laws 1860.

Senate went into commitee on the whole on the general file.

SENATE, P. M. Session—Bills Introduced. —To regulate terms of court in Winnebago county; to remit to Milwaukee $1,970 11 State tax levied on exemption property; Senator Curtis from the Committee on Federal Relations reported a resolution approving of the resolution of the State of New York in opposition to the opening of the Slave Trade. Laid over till Saturday. To amend sec. 69 and 70 of chap. 18 of R. S., of the assessment and collection of taxes. Lost. To provide for an act for the proper burial of the dead. Indefinitely postponed.

Bills Passed—To authorize the Secretary of State to purchase additional copies of Wisconsin Reports; to amend chap. 139 R. S. of Appeals, Writs of Error, &c.

A large number of bills were ordered to a third reading.

Senate adjourned to 9 A. M. to-morrow.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT IN A COAL PIT.

TWENTY LIVES LOST!

HYDE PARK, Pa., March 26.—9 P.M.

A terrible accident occurred at Chittenden's shaft, four miles below here, this P. M.—The pumps broke while the workmen were being hoisted up, and an explosion of fire damp following, some 15 or 20 of them were killed and many more seriously injured.—The engine and boiler house were blown to pieces. These are all the particulars as yet received.

New York Matters.

NEW YORK, March 26—9 P. M.

The reported insanity of A. T. Stewart is untrue.

The statement in the city papers of Saturday that the Grand Jury had indicted Gideon J. Tucker for bribery, is pronounced by District Attorney Waterbury to be untrue.

The Spray was seen one day last week passing through Hellgate with only one man on board. Officers have got track of the fugitive Chinaman.

Union Party Meeting in New York.

NEW YORK, March 26.

A large meeting of the members of Third Party was held this evening, at Cooper Institute. The great hall, capable of seating 3,000 or 4,000 persons, was filled to overflowing. The meeting was called to order by Wm. E. Dodge and addressed by the Hon. Thos. R. R. Nelson, Hon. Horace Maynard, of Tennessee, and others. Great enthusiasm was manifested.

Laying of the First Rail in Kansas!

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 26—9 P. M.

The first rail ever laid in Kansas, was put down on the St. Joseph and Marysville road this P. M., in the presence of many citizens, among whom were our city officers and other prominent men.

This is the commencement of the first section of the great Pacific railroad west of Missouri.

River Disasters.

MEMPHIS, March 26—8 P. M.

The Arkansas Traveller, from New Orleans to Fort Smith, sunk on Wednesday near Van Buren, Arkansas. One unknown passenger lost. Boat and cargo total loss.

A barge from Cairo in tow of the steamer Philadelphia, sunk above here. Loss $25,-000; insured for $9,000.

Circulation of Counterfeit Bills.

NEW YORK, March 26—9 P. M.

Counterfeit $5's purporting to be on the Mercantile Bank of this city, are in circulation.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26—9 P. M.

The members of the Council of Pittsburgh appeared before the Supreme Court to-day, to answer to a peremptory mandamus commanding them to make provision for the payment of the interest upon the bonds issued by Pittsburgh, as a subscription to the Charters Valley Railroad. Various answers were filed, but no action was had by the court.

COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

MONDAY P. M., March 26, 1860.

We continue to quote Exchange steady, buying at 1¼; selling at 2 ⅜ cent premium. Money scarce and to be had at banks only for strictly legitimate business purposes.

We have the following by telegraph from New York to-day:

Stocks—Lower; C & R 1 6⅝; Del, L & W 80, C, B & Q 58½; Gal & Chi 61½; I C 69⅜; C & T 22½; Panama 116½; M S gtd 24; M S 12½; Hud 58½; N Y C 86; Harlem preferred 33; Pac Mail 50; Del, L & W 91 bds 92¾; G & Chi 20 bds 59; Tenn 6s 90½; Mo 6s 85¾.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.—The statement of the New York Banks for the week ending to-day, as reported by telegraph, shows the following changes:

Increase in loans	$2,000
Decrease in specie	1,400
Decrease in circulation	47,000
Increase in deposits	500,000

COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY P. M., March 26, 1860.

Receipts by Railroad for the 24 hours ending noon to-day include:

Flour, bbls	102
Wheat, bus	5,526
Oats, bus	519
Barley, bus	170
Corn, bus	80
Rye, bus	98
Hides, No	111

The wheat market continues dull, with a downward tendency in prices. To-day, there were plenty of sellers at the price refused on Saturday for No. 1, but the only demand at that figure was to fill a "short" contract for a thousand bushels. One car load sold at 95c—a decline of 1c. It was hinted that this sale was made merely for effect, and as there were no others at the same figure, it can hardly be said to establish a decline. Milling wheat sold at a range of $1,05@1,05 for extra No. 1, or Club to Extra. The market closing very dull for all qualities.

There was nothing at all done in flour, the unsettled state of the wheat market tending to depress the trade in this article.

LARGE ARRIVAL OF MERCHANDIZE.—Our merchants—thanks to the Detroit & Milwaukee Railway—do not now, as of yore, have to wait the tedious opening of the Straits for their spring stocks. To-day, the propeller *Cuyahoga* arrived here from Grand Haven with upwards of *two hundred tons* of merchandize received by the G. W. and D. & M. Railways.

DULLNESS IN THE GENERAL MARKETS—PROSPECTS OF THE PROVISION TRADE.—Alluding to the prevalent dullness in produce and provisions the Cincinnati *Gazette* remarks:

The confidence of holders in the future, and their consequent unwillingness to force sales or make concessions, constitute the only support of the trade at present. Consumers are content with buying from hand to mouth, any no signs of a speculative feeling are to be seen in any quarter. This state of things so far as it regards provisions, is not in accordance with the theory of operators, who, relying upon short supplies, have anticipated better prices. And the theory, it is to be remarked, is not an unreasonable one. It is much more reasonable, indeed than the theories which mainly obtain in this line of business. According to the most reliable estimates, the stock of hog products in the country at this time falls short of the supplies at the corresponding date last year, equal to 350,000 hogs, as follows:

Deficit in stocks November 1st	150,000
Deficit in packing	150,000
Excess of foreign exports since January 1st	50,000
Total	350,000

Here we have a formidable showing in favor of holders, to say nothing of the decrease in the shipments to hog East, and the increased Southern consumption this season. Yet, we find prices at this place on the 23d of March comparing as follows:

	1860.	1859.
Mess pork	$17,00	$18,00
Barrel lard	10¾	12½
Bacon, sides	9¾	9¾
Bacon, shoulders	7¾	7¾
Bulk sides	8¾@8¾	8¾
Bulk shoulders	6¾	6¾

With a supposed and admitted deficiency in supplies, an improved consumptive demand, and an increased export movement, prices, it is seen, are lower now than they were a year ago. But the most remarkable feature of this exhibit is the price of mess pork, which is $1 against $3½ while the stocks in the country are fully 150,000 bbls less than in March, 1859, and by some the deficiency is estimated at a much higher figure. These exhibits would, a year or two ago, have produced considerable excitement, but we have learned a great deal within the last twelve months. They got enough last year of speculations has to upon short crops. Deceived as they have been by the cry of "wolf," it would now be difficult to make them sensible of any danger of a scarcity; and if the hungry animal were within a gunshot of them, they would hardly believe the report. Hence the absence of speculative movements; and hence, therefore, the comparative stagnation in the trade. The regular consumptive demand is doing its work in the way of reducing the stocks, but it is doing it quietly. An excitement in the market would insure higher prices, and would diminish, and not increase the consumption.—The lethargy of speculators, therefore, will promote the interests of the regular trade. Stocks are going into consumption as fast as required, and much more rapidly than if prices were inflated, as they would be if speculators displayed as much activity as usual.

CHICAGO MARKET, March 24TH.—Receipts of the articles named, at Chicago yesterday, were as follows:

Flour, bbls	217
Wheat, bus	3,676
Corn, bus	36,522
Oats, bus	3,231
Barley, bus	1,102
Rye, bus	415

The *Press & Tribune* says:

There is a limited inquiry to-day for good and choice brands of spring extra for the Southern market, but holders are generally about 10c above the views of buyers, and the business transacted was light—ranging from $5,50@5,20 for common to choice spring extras and 4,00 for spring super. Wheat continues firm, with light receipts and a fair milling and shipping inquiry, with limited sales at 1,00 for new receipts No. 2 spring in store, and 1,01@1,10 for lots by sample on track.—The corn market was dull, and prices again receded about 3¢—sales of river being made at 42¾ for prime yellow in store; 40c for high mixed mixed; 40 for common mixed and 40½@40¾ for new receipts do; and 41@41½ for rejected. Oats were dull and lower, with limited transactions at 30@37 on track. Rye and Barley scarce and firm. Provisions quiet. A lot of 900 bbls mess pork were sold to-day at 17,00 cash. Sales of Bacon—hams are in demand at 10c for plain and 10¾ for sugar cured, and bacon shoulders at 7¾c. Hightwines steady. Prime Timothy seed scarce and in demand. Hungarian Grass and Clover seed dull and drooping.

ST LOUIS MARKET, MARCH 23D.—There was another decline of 2@3c in Spring Wheat at St. Louis on Friday. The receipts were 16,511 bus by river and rail road. The *Democrat* has the following report of the market:

FLOUR—Market very dull, and the sales were few and in a small way, including 75 bbls country superfine at $4,60; 100 bbls do at $5,75; 50 bbls low grade extra at same price; 50 bbls do at 6,00; 200 bbls do extra, at $5,50; city double extra, and choice family brands at $7,00@7,50 ⅌ bbl.

WHEAT—The price of the best qualities fell for spring extra flour is unchanged, but the medium and lower grades are heavy and drooping, ranging 2@3c lower to-day. Sales include 800 bags inferior spring at $1,11; 1,400 bags spring and club at $1,18@1,19½; 1,200 bags do (very choice) at $1,20; 300 bags do at $1,21; 96 bbls 150 bags fall do at $1,30; 145 at $1,30@1,40; 350 bags prime at $1,40; 1,400 from $1,37½ to $1,45; 74 bbls, 146 bags strictly prime at $1,45, and 800 bags private.

CORN—Supplies liberal, and market heavy and 2@3c lower. Sales to-day include 400 bags mixed, in bad order at 46c; 200 bags mixed at 49c; about 4,000 bags in lots, mixed and yellow, at 50@52c, part delivered; 500 bags mixed white at 52c; 2,000 bags white at 53c; delivered; 800 bags mixed red and white at 54c, part delivered; 800 bags prime white do at 55@56c, delivered; 2,165 bags white, and 1,800 do yellow, in large lots, on private terms, all in good and new gunnies.

OATS—In fair supply and inactive, and tending in favor of buyers. Sales to-day comprise 1,000 bags good and prime at 37@38c; and 592 bags prime, in new gunnies, at 38¾c ⅌ bus.

BARLEY—Slow and drooping. Sales were reported of 105 bags spring, including bags, at 85c; 8,855 bushels spring, in bulk, on private terms, and 65 bags fall at 90c.

BUCKWHEAT—Sale of a small lot at 56c, with the bags.

MALT—A lot of 100 bus Ohio fall was reported at $1,25 in bulk.

PORK—The market is entirely without animation with unfavorable advices from below. Sales of 33 bbls mess at $17 ⅌ bbl.

BACON—Fair business doing in the order trade, and prices unchanged. Sales of 1,500 shoulders, loose, at 7c.

CUT MEATS—Sales this evening of 40,000 lbs heavy sides at 8¾c; 20,000 lbs hams at $7,80; and 20,000 lbs shoulders at $5,80. 54 casks hams yesterday reported rough cut, at 7¾c, were in prime order and well trimmed.

LARD—The market is dull, and very little transpiring. Sales of 80 pkgs manufacturing at 9¾c; 146 bbls and 6 tres prime at 10c.

WHISKY—The market is unsettled and inactive—Sales comprise 65 and 100 bbls at 19¾c; 27 do at 20c; and 50 do at the latter rate.

GROCERIES—Sales 100 hhds fair sugar at 7¾@7¾c; 50 hhds strictly first prime at 8@8¼c; 800 bags coffee at 18@13¾c; 50 bags common at 12c.

PHILADELPHIA SEED MARKET, March 21st.—There is not much doing in Seed to-day, and prime lots are scarce. Sales include about 300 bush at 4,00@4,50 ⅌ bush for common to prime. Timothy is worth 3,25@3,50; and Domestic Flax-seed 1,25@1,60 ⅌ bush, as in quality.

ALBANY MARKET, March 23d.—The *Journal* reports the Albany market for March 23d as follows:

Flour and Meal.—There is a fair business doing in the medium and extra brands of flour, but common descriptions are dull. Corn meal is quiet.

Grain.—Wheat quiet with but little if any milling inquiry. Corn in large supply and the market is weak. Sales 2,000 bus round yellow, in car lots, at 75, delivered at East Albany. With an increased demand for Barley, the market is firmer with sales of 8,000 bush four-rowed state at 90, and two-rowed Western at 78 and 5,000 bus Canada West at 90, which is an advance of 3c ⅌ bus on the latter. Oats quiet and unchanged.

Feed—Sales 1,000 bus Bo ⅌ feed a. t. p.

Whiskey.—The market is easier with only a limited demand. Sales 100 bbls Prime at 23c.

TORONTO, March 22d.—The market is quiet and unchanged. Prime fall wheat 1,25@1,25; common do 1,15@1,17; spring wheat 9c@1,04; barley 60@62; oats 33@35; peas 58@63. Flour nominal at previous quotations.

MONTREAL MARKET, March 23d.—Flour dull and 5c to 10c lower; small sales good No. 1 at 5,10@5,20, but round parcels of 500 or 1,000 bbls can be purchased at 5,10; fancy nominal at 5,30@5,40; and extra at 5,50@5,60. Nothing doing for delivery. Wheat dull; Upper Canada spring procurable, for May delivery, at 1,20, with no buyers over 1,15. Ashes steady; pots 6,20; pearls 6,80@6,90.

MILWAUKEE DAILY MARKET.

MONDAY, March 26—7 P. M.

FLOUR—Receipts 102 bbls. Shipments 543 bbls. Market dull and heavy. No sales.

WHEAT—Receipts 5,526 bushels. Market dull and drooping. Sales 350 bus No. 1 on track at 98c; 1,000 bus do do at 99c; 500 bus Club delivered at $1,03; 350 bus do at $1,04; 100 bus Extra at $1,04; 650 bus do at $1,05; 100 bus Common Red Winter at $1,05.

OATS—Receipts 519 bus. Market dull at 36@37c delivered.

BARLEY—Receipts 170 bus. Sales 200 bus reported as Extra, at 87c.

CORN—Receipts 80 bus. Shelled 56@57c.

RYE—15@18c. Receipts 98 bus.

GRASS SEED—Timothy firm; common to ordinary $2,37@2,50; good to choice $2,60@2,65.

HIDES—Green 6¾@7c; green salted 7@7½c; dry salted 12@13c; dry flint 14c.

SHEARS—Highwines 20½@21c; whiskey 17@18c; alcohol 25c.

BUTTER—Sales 200 lbs common roll at 8½c; 1 000 lbs fresh at 8c. Receipts by R. R. 945 lbs.

RAILROAD RECEIPTS.

RECEIVED BY MIL. & MISS. R. R.—March 26.—165 bbls flour, 3,234 bus wheat, 80 bus corn, 510 bus oats, 23 bus rye, 90 bus barley, 21 bus grass seed, 4 dressed hogs, 2 head cattle, 55 hides, 5,637 lbs sundries, 944 lbs butter.

RECEIVED BY MIL. & MINN. R. R.—March 26.—1,104 bus wheat, 15 hides, 3,520 lbs sundries.

RECEIVED BY M. W. & D. V. R. R.—March 26.—1,126 bus wheat, 2 bbls eggs, 24 bbls flour, 80 bus barley, 1,201 lbs sundries, 41 hides.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, March 26—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Dull, heavy and drooping for all descriptions of State and Western, except super State, which is scarce and in moderate request at firm prices. Sales 6,150 barrels at 5,20@5,25 for superfine state; 5,25@5,40 for extra state; 5,20@5,25 for superfine western; 5,20@5,65 for common to fair extra western; market closing dull. Canadian flour in moderate request at rather easier prices; sales 600 bbls at 5,40@ for common to choice. Rye flour quiet at 3,30@4,40. WHEAT—Limited demand and market heavy, with downward tendency. Sales 5,000 bus prime Milwaukee club at 1,21 in store; 3,000 bus good white Canada at a trifle over 1,21.

RYE—Quiet at 75@76c.

BARLEY—Unchanged.

PORK—Mess in fair demand, while prime is quiet and unchanged; sales 2,300 bbls at 17,12@17,37 for new mess; 17,25 for old mess; 12,00 for old prime; 14,37 for new do.

LARD—Dull and unchanged; sales 200 bbls at 10@1,50 for prime; 9@9,50 for mess; 9@10 for repacked mess; 11@12 for extra mess. Beef hams dull and heavy; 12@13,50 for State; 14@15,14 for western. Prime mess beef dull and nominal at 16@19.

MARINE.

Port of Milwaukee, March 26, 1860.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Detroit, McBride, Grand Haven, 15 pass, 5 tons mdse, 21 pkgs mdse, 7 bbls tobacco, 12 rolls matting, 12 crates hats

Steamer Gazelle, Dustin, Two Rivers, 2 bbls sugar, 52 rolls leather, 1 bx furs, 50 bags seed, 15 bbls eggs

Propeller Cuyahoga, Welsh, Grand Haven, 70 bbls sugar, 42 bbls salt, 120 tons mdse, 26 tons ore, 881 sacks coffee, 66 bbls molasses, 4 bbls do

Schooner Fish Hawk, Thompson, Sheboygan

CLEARED.

Steamship Detroit, McBride, Grand Haven, 40 pass, 583 bbls flour, 260 bbls mess pork, 252 bbls, 55 dry, 10, 40 bales and skins, 20 kegs butter, 7 bbls eggs, 24 bags seed, 22 kegs nails, 3 casks ashes, 2 tons sundries

MARINE ITEMS.

MONDAY, P. M.

THE WEATHER on the Lake has been pretty rough for several days. Last night there was quite a stiff Nor'-East blow, accompanied with snow. We counted this morning about a dozen sail vessels weather-bound, just inside of the entrance to the harbor.

THE PROPELLER CUYAHOGA, Capt. WELSH, arrived here from Grand Haven this morning, with a large load of merchandize.

THE STEAMSHIP MILWAUKEE left Chicago on Saturday, and is now at Grand Haven, fitting out, preparatory to taking her place in the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway Line, on the first of the coming month. Both of the steamships of this line are now in far better running order than when they first commenced, and with the experience of last fall their officers and crews are entirely familiar with their duties and the peculiarities of the route, and the draw-backs which characterized the first season's business, will doubtless be avoided in the future. The accommodations of the *Milwaukee* are to remain as they have been until after the spring business at least, as her services are too much needed at present to allow time for making the proposed changes.

THE LAKE SHORE LINE.—The steamer *Gazelle* has been withdrawn from the route between this city, Two Rivers and Chicago, and the *Cleveland* takes her place, leaving here on her first trip Wednesday morning for Chicago and returning so as to start for Two Rivers Thursday morning at the usual hour. She is commanded by Capt. Fitch this season. The *Gazelle* is to be repainted before starting out again.

NAVIGATION ON LAKE ERIE.—The Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* says: "An announcement was made a few days since that the harbor of Dunkirk was open and that vessels were arriving and departing. This was true for a day or two, but the recent westerly and northerly gales have packed the ice in upon the harbor, and no clear water can be seen from the most lofty points of observation."

With regard to the Buffalo harbor the same paper says:

The ice still presents a formidable barrier to the entrance of vessels at this harbor. There is little or no probability that navigation will be resumed before the middle of April, and many predict that such will not be the case before the first of May. A strong easterly wind of three or four days duration would nevertheless go far to scatter the ice effectually, although it extends up the lake as far as the eye can reach.

How much more fortunate are we in this locality, enjoying as we do, the benefits of an open harbor *all the year round*; both sail and steam craft arriving and departing daily in the winter as in the summer.

GREEN BAY AND BUFFALO LAKE OF STEAMERS.—The Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* says:

We were yesterday on board the propellers *Rocket* and *Comet* which are to be put on the Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, Mackinaw and Green Bay line. They have recently undergone a thorough and important repairs, several material changes, with a view to the comfort and convenience of passengers having been made. A new coat of paint has also been added to the woodwork, both inside and outside of these vessels, and altogether, they are in excellent sea-worthy condition.

Circuit Court Notices, &c.

CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY. Peter Martineau and Henry S. Potter, Plaintiffs, against Orrin Smith, Caleb G. Forbes, William Hinsler, Winthrop Smith and Sarah F. Smith his wife, Elisha W. Edgerton, Edwin F. Smith, Robert Tee Keyes, Charles Hart Carroll, Robert Kilridge, Matthew Shoemaker, Lucius F. Hubbard, James F. Wright, the Bank of Milwaukee, Walter Jones, Rosina Jones, Charles Chandler, Lucy A. Bloodgood and ——— Bloodgood his wife, Thomas M. Knox, Newcomb Cleveland, Cordt. R. Alton, William J. Abbatt and ——— Abbatt his wife, Michael Burr, John A. Dyer, executor of the last will and testament of Hezekiah H. Reed, deceased, Rudolph P. Harding, Henry N. Packard, Darwin B. Jones, Oliver E. Fuller, and Edward B. Finch, Defendants.

The State of Wisconsin, to the above named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, for the County of Milwaukee, at the City of Milwaukee, in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, Nos. and Albany Building, in the said City of Milwaukee, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint, or to serve a copy of your answer within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated at Milwaukee, this 31st day of October, 1859

THOMAS L. OGDEN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Take notice that this is an action for the foreclosure of a mortgage, and that no default will be entered in this action until after the expiration of ninety days after the service of this summons.

THOMAS L. OGDEN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

feb28'25dw5w

CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY. George Henry Fasoi, plaintiff, against James W. Comstock, and Martha his wife, The Bank of Milwaukee, Alexander Mitchell, the Bank of the State of Wisconsin, the Merchants Marine & Fire Insurance Company Bank, Harvey Terry, Carl Gerlach, Daniel Jung, and Ludwig Bosch, defendants.—Summons.

The State of Wisconsin, to James W. Comstock, Martha Comstock and The Bank of the State of Milwaukee, Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, for the County of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, at the city of Milwaukee, on the 17th day of February, 1860, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at their office in the said City of Milwaukee, State of Wisconsin, within ninety days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness the Hon. Arthur McArthur, Judge of the Circuit Court of said Milwaukee, the 17th day of February, 1860. SMITH & SLOMAN,

feb20'25d5w Plaintiff's Attorney.

IN PROBATE.—MILWAUKEE COUNTY COURT. In the matter of the Estate of F. G. Ludwig, deceased.

All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that the undersigned, Commissioners appointed and commissioned by the Judge of said Court, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the said deceased, that six months from that day have been allowed and limited for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and adjustment; that we will sit on the third day of March, the first day of June and the first day of August, next, at the office of the undersigned, in the city of Milwaukee, in said county, attend to the discharge of our duties as Commissioners aforesaid.

Dated, Milwaukee, February 21st, 1860.

JOHN H. TEACH, } Commissioners.
D. G. HOOKER, }

feb23'25d6awst

MILWAUKEE COUNTY COURT—IN PROBATE.—State of Wisconsin, Milwaukee County—ss. In the matter of the estate of John Shortell, deceased.—On this 5th day of March, A. D. 1860, this matter coming on upon the petition of Mary Shortell, stating that John Shortell of the County of Milwaukee, died intestate on about the 3d day of February, and praying that she be appointed Administratrix on the estate of said deceased, it is ordered that said application be heard before me, at the Probate Office, in the city of Milwaukee, on the 23 day of April, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock A. M.—And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks, once in each week, in the Sentinel, a newspaper printed in said city, prior to said hearing. By the Court.

A copy. ALBERT SMITH, County Judge.

mar10'25d13t3aw

CIRCUIT COURT, COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin. Morgan Carpenter, against Andrew J. Clarke, Rosaline N. Clark, Warrick Martin, Elnah M. Joslin and William G. La Mont, Defendants.

The State of Wisconsin, to Andrew J. Clark, Rosaline N. Clarke, Warrick Martin, Elnah M. Joslin and William G. La Mont:

You are hereby summoned, and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint, on the subscriber, at his office, No. 3 and 4 Commercial Block